October is National Domestic Violence Awareness Month

What is Domestic Violence?

Domestic violence is a pattern of physically, sexually, and/or emotionally abusive behaviors used by one individual to assert power or maintain control over another in the context of an intimate or family relationship.

THE REALITIES OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE Did you know?

- Approximately 27% of women and 11% of men in the U.S. have experienced contact sexual violence, physical violence, or stalking by an intimate partner and reported at least one measured impact related to these or other forms of violence in that relationship.¹
- In 2017, 60, 237 calls were answered by domestic and sexual violence hotlines across Virginia.²
- In Virginia in 2017, 6,176 adults and children received emergency shelter due to domestic violence.³
- 55,911 emergency protective orders were issued by magistrates and judges across the Commonwealth to protect the immediate health and safety of domestic violence victims and their family members.⁴

 31% of all Virginia homicides in 2015 were attributed to Family and Intimate Partner Violence (FIPV). There were 124 FIPV homicides in 2015, up from 112 in 2014.⁵

> If you or someone you know is a victim of domestic violence, contact the Virginia Family Violence & Sexual Assault Hotline 1-800-838-8238 (24-hours/day, toll-free)

For additional domestic violence-related information and resources, please visit the **Virginia Sexual and Domestic Violence Action Alliance** website at *www.vsdvalliance.org*

You may also contact the toll-free Virginia Victim Assist Helpline at 1-888-887-3418

Callers will be informed of their rights as victims under the Virginia Crime Victim and Witness Rights Act and will receive additional information, support, and referrals to programs and resources in their communities.

For additional information, visit the Virginia Victim Assistance Network website at *http://vanetwork.org/get-help*

Please wear a purple ribbon during the month of October to show your commitment to stop violence in our communities and across the nation.



 Smith, S.G., Chen, J., Basile, K.C., Gilbert, L.K., Merrick, M.T., Patel, N., Walling, M., & Jain, A. (2017). The National Intimate Partner and Sexual Violence Survey (NISVS): 2010-2012 State Report. Atlanta, GA: National Center for Injury Prevention and Control, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.
 ² Virginia Sexual and Domestic Violence Action Alliance, Advocacy Works, 2017

Virginia Sexual and Domestic Violence Action Alliance, Advocacy Works, 2017 Virginia Sexual and Domestic Violence Action Alliance, Advocacy Works, 2017

 ⁴ 2017 Annual Report, Domestic and Sexual Violence in Virginia, Office of the Attorney General

⁵ Virginia Office of the Chief Medical Examiner, 2015 Family and Intimate Partner Homicide Report

National Domestic Violence Awareness Month SAFETY COMES FIRST!

It is important to have a safety plan in place. In order to enhance the victims' safety as many of the following should be done:

- Plan for a quick escape. Know where to go and how to get there, any time of the day or night. Think this through now, before an attack. Consider going to a domestic violence shelter or the home of a family member or friend. If that is not possible, try a public place such as a library, hospital, shopping center, police or fire station. Know where each is located.
- If you believe you are about to be assaulted, stay out of rooms where there are weapons such as guns or knives. Do not attempt to threaten the abuser with a weapon, as it may put you in an even more dangerous situation.
- Keep telephone numbers of family, friends, doctors, safe shelter, etc. in a safe place or where it is easily accessible and make sure your abuser does not have access to this information.
- Gather important documents such as:
- birth certificates
 passports
 prescriptions
 social security numbers
 copies of any protective orders
 records of the abuser's prior convictions (if any)
 marriage license
 insurance information
 children's school records
 immunization (shot) records
 medical records
 information about bank accounts
 any other information you feel is necessary
- Consider giving these important documents to a trusted friend or neighbor to keep for you so the abuser does not try to take or destroy them.
- Put aside emergency money.
- Hide an extra set of car keys.
- Keep an extra set of clothes and shoes for you and your children with a trusted friend or neighbor.
- Take a special toy for your child(ren).
- Let the people that you trust know about your situation and the violence you are experiencing.
- Trust yourself and your decisions. You are the one who can best determine how to stay safe.

WARNING: Abusers try to control their victims' lives. When abusers feel a loss of control like when victims try to leave them—the abuse often gets worse. Take special care if you leave. Continue to be careful, even after you have left. **If you are in danger please call 911 immediately!**

Obtained from: Virginia Department of Criminal Justice Services, "An Informational Guide for Domestic Violence Victims in Virginia" www.dcjs.virginia.gov/sites/dcjs.virginia.gov/files/publications/victims/informational-guide-domestic-violence-victims-virginia-english.pdf www.dcjs.virginia.gov/sites/dcjs.virginia.gov/files/publications/victims/informational-guide-domestic-violence-victims-virginia-spanish.pdf