Side-by-Side Comparison of the VOCA Victim Assistance Guidelines and Rule

Торіс	Section	VOCA Victim Assistance Program Guidelines (62 FR 19607, Apr. 22, 1997)	Section	VOCA Victim Assistance Program Final Rule (81 FR 44528, August 8, 2016)
Format- Reorganizes Provisions				Reorganizes the program rules into six major divisions: 1) General Provisions; 2) State Administering Agency (SAA) Program Requirements; 3) SAA Use of Funds for Administration and Training; 4) Sub-Recipient Program Requirements; 5) Sub-Recipient Project Requirements; and 6) Sub-Recipient Allowable/Unallowable Costs.
General Provision	s			
General Provision construction and s		scope; future guidance; mpliance date	94.101 Purpos	e and scope; future guidance; construction and severability; compliance date
General Provisions: Purpose and Scope	Sect. 1: Backgrnd.; IV(A)(6), Compl. with Federal Laws; IV(A)(7), Compl. with VOCA	OVC makes annual VOCA crime victim assistance grants from the Fund to states. The primary purpose of these grants is to support the provision of services to victims of crime throughout the Nation. Requires compliance by state grantees with all federal laws and regulations applicable to federal assistance programs and with the provisions of Title 28 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) applicable to grants. Requires compliance by the state grantee and sub- recipients with the applicable	94.101(a) Purpose and Scope	Substantially the same. This subpart implements the provisions of VOCA, at 42 U.S.C. 10603. As of July 8, 2016, this subpart authorizes the Director to make an annual grant to the chief executive of each State for the financial support of eligible crime victim assistance programs. VOCA sets out the statutory requirements governing these grants, and this subpart should be read in conjunction with it. Grants under this program are also subject to the government-wide grant rules in 2 CFR part 2800, and the DOJ Grants Financial Guide.

		provisions of VOCA and the Final Program Guidelines.		
General Provisions: Future Guidance		Not included.	94.101(b) Future Guidance	The Director may, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 10604(a), prescribe guidance for grant recipients and sub-recipients under this program on the application of this subpart.
General Provisions: Construction and Severability		Not included.	94.101(c) Constr. and Sever.	Any provision of this subpart held to be invalid or unenforceable by its terms, or as applied to any person or circumstance, shall be construed so as to give it the maximum effect permitted by law, unless such holding shall be one of utter invalidity or unenforceability, in which event such provision shall be deemed severable from this part and shall not affect the remainder thereof or the application of such provision to other persons not similarly situated or to other, dissimilar circumstances.
General Provisions: Compliance Date	Effective Date	The Guidelines were effective October 1, 1996, but are superseded by the Rule.	94.101(d) Compl. Date	Change from the Guidelines. Adds the effective date for the Rule. The rule applies to all grants under this program made by OVC after August 8, 2016, except for funds that the SAA obligated before August 8, 2016 (i.e., pre-award funds under grants made in the year that the rule comes into effect). VOCA Assistance grants typically have an award period that extends retroactively to October 1 st of the fiscal year of the award, thus there may be funds under grants made after the effective date that were obligated by the SAA prior to the effective date, and subsequently ratified by OVC's approval of the grant. The final rule does not apply retroactively. However, <i>OVC will</i> <i>permit SAAs to apply the provisions that expand SAA discretion in the use of</i> <i>funds</i> (e.g., the final rule permits SAAs to fund a greater range of transitional <i>housing services than the Guidelines permit</i>) to VOCA assistance funding under <i>OVC grants made before the effective date of the rule that is obligated on or</i> <i>after the effective date.</i>
Definitions				
Definitions			94.102 Definit	tions
Definitions: "Crime victim" or "Victim of Crime"	Sect. 1 Backgrnd.	For the purpose of the VOCA crime victim assistance grant program, a "crime victim" is a person who has suffered physical, sexual, financial, or	94.102 "Crime victim" or "Victim of crime"	Same definition as in the Guidelines. "Crime victim" or "victim of crime" means a person who has suffered physical, sexual, financial, or emotional harm as a result of the commission of a crime.

		emotional harm as a result of		
		the commission of a crime.		
Definitions:	Sect. I	Defines "services" as those	94.102	Rewords the definition for "services" to read: "Direct services or services to
"Direct Services"	Backgrnd.	efforts that (1) respond to the	"Direct	victims of crime" means those services described in 42 U.S.C. 10603(d)(2), and
or "Services to		emotional and physical needs	services" or	efforts that—
Victims of Crime"		of crime victims; (2) assist	"Services to	(1) Respond to the emotional, psychological, or physical needs of crime
		primary and secondary victims	victims of	victims;
		of crime to stabilize their lives	crime"	(2) Assist victims to stabilize their lives after victimization;
		after a victimization; (3) assist		(3) Assist victims to understand and participate in the criminal justice system;
		victims to understand and		or
		participate in the criminal		(4) Restore a measure of safety and security for the victim.
		justice system; and (4) provide		
		victims of crime with a		
		measure of safety and security such as boarding up broken		
		windows and replacing or		
		repairing locks.		
Definitions:	Sect. 1	Not included.	94.102	Adds a definition for "project."
"Project"	Backgrnd.		"Project"	
	U		,	The term means the direct services project funded by a grant under this
				program, unless the context of the rule indicates otherwise.
Definitions:	Sect.	Uses the term "domestic	94.102	Adds a definition for "spousal abuse."
"Spousal Abuse"	IV(A)(3)	abuse" when describing the	"Spousal	
	Priority	priority category of "spousal	abuse"	The term includes domestic and intimate partner violence.
	Areas	abuse."		
				States may serve (and count those services toward the priority category of
				"spousal abuse") all victims of domestic and intimate partner violence—
				encompassing violence or abuse by one person against another in a domestic
				context or intimate-partner context—as the definition does not require legal
				recognition of any particular relationship, nor does it implicate State or
			04402	territorial laws concerning marriage rights.
Definitions:		Not included.	94.102 "Victim of	Change from the Guidelines. Adds a definition for the statutory term "victim of
"Victim of Child Abuse"			child abuse"	child abuse."
ADUSE				The term means a victim of crime, where such crime involved an act or
				omission considered to be child abuse under the law of the relevant SAA
				jurisdiction. In addition, for purposes of this program, victims of child abuse
				Junisalization. In addition, for purposes of this program, victures of child abuse

				may include, but are not limited to, child victims of: physical, sexual, or emotional abuse; child pornography-related offense; neglect; commercial sexual exploitation; bullying; and/or exposure to violence.
				Clarifies that the definition encompasses harm to children, and is not meant to include adults who were victimized as children. Note, this does not preclude States from funding services to adults victimized as children; it merely means that States cannot count such services under the child-abuse priority category.
				The definition is broad enough to encompass sex and labor trafficking and slurs and family rejection as examples of the emotional abuse of children, if States consider them to be child abuse.
Definitions: "Elder Abuse"	Sect, IV(A)(4) "Previously Underser." Priority	"Elder abuse" is defined as the mistreatment of older persons through physical, sexual, or psychological violence, neglect, or economic	94.104(c) Previously Underser. Category (Ten Percent	See sect. 94.104(c), which sets out the criteria by which SAAs must identify (for allocation of funds, reporting, and compliance purposes) services that assist previously underserved populations of victims of violent crime. Also, see the Preamble for more guidance.
	Areas	exploitation and fraud.	Total) (also see Preamble)	Change from the Guidelines. Per sect. 94.104(c), SAAs shall identify which type of crime victim a service project assists by the type of crime they experience (e.g., victims of elder abuse) OR the characteristics of the victim (e.g., LGBTQ victims), OR both (e.g., victims of violent crime in high crime urban areas). See the Preamble for further guidance.

SAA Program Req	SAA Program Requirements: General		94.103 General	
SAA Program Requirements,	Sect. 1 Backgrnd.;	VOCA gives latitude to state grantees to determine how	94.103(a) Direct	States that SAAs may use VOCA funds to provide direct services through sub- recipients or in their own projects, and to cover administrative and training
General: Direct Services	II(D) Allocation of	VOCA victim assistance grant funds will best be used within	Services	costs of the SAA.
	Funds Within the States; IV	each state. However, each state must abide by the minimal requirements outlined in VOCA and the		SAAs have sole discretion to determine which organizations will receive funds, and in what amounts, subject to the minimum requirements set forth in VOCA and this subpart. SAAs must ensure that projects provide services to victims of federal crimes on the same basis as to victims of crimes under State or local
	(B)(11) Services to Victims of	Guidelines.		law.

SAA Program	Federal Crimes	States that VOCA funds are to be used to provide "direct services to crime victims." States have sole discretion for determining which organizations will receive funds, and in what amounts, as long as the recipients meet the requirements of VOCA and the Guidelines. Sub-recipients must provide services to victims of federal crimes on the same basis as victims of state/local crimes.	94 103(b)	SAAs may fund direct services regardless of a victim's participation in the criminal justice process. Also, adds that victim eligibility under this program for direct services is not dependent on the victim's immigration status.
SAA Program Requirements, General: SAA Eligibility Certification	Sect. III(A) State Grantee Application Process	Each year, OVC issues a Program Instruction and Application Kit to each designated state agency. The Application Kit contains the necessary forms and information required to apply for VOCA grant funds. At the time of application, state grantees are not required to provide specific information regarding the sub-recipients that will receive VOCA victim assistance funds. Sets forth specific information state grantees must submit with	94.103(b) SAA Eligibility Certification	 Substantially the same. Each SAA must certify that it will meet the criteria set forth in VOCA, at 42 U.S.C. 10603(a)(2), and in this subpart. This certification shall be submitted by the chief executive of the State (or a designee) annually in such form and manner as OVC specifies from time to time. As of July 8, 2016, VOCA requires the chief executive to certify that— Priority will be given to programs providing assistance to victims of sexual assault, spousal abuse, or child abuse; Funds will be made available to programs serving underserved victims; VOCA funds awarded to the State, and by the State to eligible crime victim assistance programs, will not be used to supplant State and local government funds otherwise available for crime victim assistance.
SAA Program Requirements, General: Pass-	Sect. III(B) Admin. Cost Provision for	completed applications. State grantees may choose to award administrative funds to a "conduit" organization that	94.103(c) Pass-Through Admin.	<i>Clarifies that pass-through funding is permissible, and sets parameters for such funding arrangements.</i>
Through Administration	State Grantees – Allowable- Conduit	assists in selecting qualified sub-recipients and/or reduces the state grantee's administrative burden in		SAAs have broad latitude in structuring their administration of VOCA funding. VOCA funding may be administered by the SAA itself, or by other means, including the use of pass-through entities (such as coalitions of victim service providers) to make determinations regarding award distribution and to

SAA Program Requirements, General: Strategic Planning	Funding Sect. II(D) Allocation of Funds Within the State	implementing the grant program. However, the use of a "conduit" organization does not relieve the state grantee from ultimate programmatic and financial responsibilities. State grantees are encouraged to develop a VOCA program funding strategy. Lists criteria for states to consider in developing a funding strategy.	94.103(d) Strategic Planning	 administer funding. SAAs that opt to use a pass-through entity shall ensure that the total sum of VOCA funding for administrative and training costs for the SAA and pass-through entity is within the VOCA limit, the reporting of activities at the direct-service level is equivalent to what would be provided if the SAA were directly overseeing sub-awards, and an effective system of monitoring sub-awards is used. SAAs shall report on the pass-through entity in such form and manner as OVC may specify from time to time. Substantially the same. SAAs are encouraged to develop a funding strategy. <i>Lists essentially the same criteria as in the Guidelines that SAAs should consider, and adds "the sustainability of such services."</i> SAAs are encouraged to develop a funding strategy, which should consider the following: The range of direct services throughout the State and within communities; the sustainability of such services; the unmet needs of crime victims; the demographic profile of crime victims; the coordinated, cooperative response of community organizations in organizing direct services; the availability of direct services throughout the criminal justice process, as well as to victims who are not participating in criminal justice proceedings; and the extent to which other sources of funding are available for direct services.
SAA Program Requirements, General: Coordination	Sect. IV(A)(12) Coord. with State VOCA Comp. Program and Federal Law Enfmnt.	Encourages state grantees to coordinate their activities with their state's VOCA compensation program and the U.S. Attorney's Office and FBI Field Offices within their state.	94.103(e) Coord.	Adds some federal programs and organizations to the lists for SAAs to consider. Encourages SAAs to coordinate their activities with their jurisdiction's VOCA compensation programs, STOP Violence Against Women Formula Grant Program administrator, victim assistance coalitions, federal agencies, and other relevant organizations.
SAA Program Requirements, General: Compliance With Other Rules and Requirements	Sect. II(D) Allocation of Funds Within the State; IV(A)(5-7)	Requires compliance with VOCA and the Guidelines. Requires compliance with the OJP Financial Guide and all federal laws and regulations applicable to federal assistance programs and the CFR.	94.103(f) Compliance With Other Rules and Reqts.	Substantially the same. Adds compliance with any guidance issued by OVC. Requires SAAs to comply (and ensure sub-recipient compliance) with all applicable provisions of VOCA, this rule, and any guidance issued by OVC, as well as all applicable provisions of the DOJ Grants Financial Guide and government-wide grant rules.
SAA Program Requirements,	Sect. VII(A) Monit.,	The Office of the Comptroller conducts periodic reviews of	94.103(g) Access to	Adds a requirement that, upon request, and not just during a site visit, SAAs provide OVC access to records related to VOCA funding. Removes language

General: Access to Records SAA Program Req	Office of the Compt.; VII(B) Office for Victims of Crime	the financial policies, procedures, and records of VOCA grantees and sub- recipients. Requires, upon request, that state grantees and sub-recipients provide "authorized representatives" access to records. OVC will conduct on-site monitoring and review records and files.	Records 94.104: Alloca	referencing the Office of the Comptroller. SAAs shall, upon request, and consistent with 2 CFR 200.336, permit OVC access to all records related to the use of VOCA funding.
SAA Program Requirements, Allocation of Sub-Awards: Directed Allocation of Forty Percent Overall	Sect. IV(A)(3) Priority Areas	Not included.	94.104(a) Directed Allocation of Forty Percent Overall	Change from the Guidelines. Adds a new section. States where victims of priority category crimes are determined to be underserved as well, an SAA may count funds allocated to projects serving such victims in either the priority category or the underserved category, but not both.
SAA Program Requirements, Allocation of Sub-Awards: Priority Categories of Crime Victims (Thirty Percent Total)	Sect. IV(A)(3) Priority Areas	Priority shall be given to victims of sexual assault, domestic abuse, and child abuse. Thus, a minimum of 10% of each FFY's grant (30% total) will be allocated to each of these categories of crime victims. This grantee requirement does not apply to VOCA sub-recipients.	94.104(b) Priority Categories of Crime Victims (Thirty Percent Total)	Substantially the same. As under the Guidelines, requires a minimum of ten percent of each year's VOCA grant to each of three priority areas: sexual assault, spousal abuse, and child abuse. SAAs shall allocate a minimum of ten percent of each year's VOCA grant to each of the three priority categories of victims specified in the certification requirement in VOCA, at 42 U.S.C. 10603(a)(2)(A), which, as of July, 8, 2016, includes victims of— (1) Sexual assault, (2) Spousal abuse and (3) Child abuse.
SAA Program Requirements, Allocation of	Sect. IV (A)(4) "Previously	An additional 10% of each VOCA grant will be allocated to victims of violent crime	94.104(c) Previously Underser.	Change from the Guidelines. SAAs shall identify which type of crime victim a service project assists by the type of crime they experience (e.g., victims of elder abuse) OR the characteristics of the victim (e.g., LGBTQ victims), OR both

Sub-Awards:	Underser."	(other than "priority"	Category	(e.g., victims of violent crime in high crime urban areas).
Previously	Priority	category victims) who were	(Ten Percent	
Previously Underserved Category (Ten Percent Total)	Priority Areas	category victims) who were "previously underserved." To meet the underserved requirement, state grantees must identify crime victims by the types of crime they have experienced. States are also encouraged to also identify gaps in available services by victims' demographic characteristics.	(Ten Percent Total) (also see Preamble)	SAAs shall allocate a minimum of ten percent of each year's VOCA grant to underserved victims of violent crime as specified in VOCA, at 42 U.S.C. 10603(a)(2)(B). Sets out the criteria by which SAAs must identify (for allocation of funds, reporting, and compliance purposes) services that assist previously underserved populations of victims of violent crime. SAAs must identify such a service for underserved victims of violent crime by the type of crime they experience (<i>e.g.</i> , victims of elder abuse) or the characteristics of the victim (<i>e.g.</i> , LGBTQ victims), or both (<i>e.g.</i> , victims of violent crime in high crime urban areas). Underserved victims may differ between jurisdictions, but some examples of victim populations often underserved at the time of this rulemaking may include, but are not limited to, DUI/DWI victims; survivors of homicide victims; American Indian/Alaskan Native victims in certain jurisdictions with insufficient victim service resources; victims of physical assault; adults molested as children; victims of elder abuse; victims of hate and bias crimes; victims of kidnapping; child victims and adult survivors of child pornography; child victims; victims of federal crimes, victims of robbery; and victims of gang violence. OVC has removed from the final rule the examples of
				possibly underserved victim populations, as such a list may change over time and is more appropriately set out in the preamble and supplementary OVC guidance, as necessary. (As discussed in the Preamble.)
SAA Program	Sect. IV	Sets forth criteria a state	94.104(d)	Changes the criteria to be demonstrated for a waiver. Removes the list of
Requirements,	(A)(3)	grantee must demonstrate to	Exceptions to	criteria for a State grantee to demonstrate in order to receive a waiver. A
Allocation of	Priority	OVC in order to receive a	Required	waiver can now be granted if the State grantee demonstrates to the
Sub-Awards: Exceptions to	Areas; IV(A)(4)	waiver to the allocation requirements for priority	Allocations	satisfaction of the Director that there is good cause therefor.
Required	"Previously	areas and "previously		States the Director may approve an allocation different to the required
Allocations	Underser." Priority Areas	underserved" priority areas.		allocations pursuant to a written request from the SAA that demonstrates (to the satisfaction of the Director) that there is good cause therefor.

SAA Program Requirements, Allocation of Sub-Awards: Sub- Award Process	Sect. II(D) Allocation of Funds Within the States	Provides that States have sole discretion for determining which organizations will receive funds, and in what amounts, as long as the recipients meet the requirements of VOCA and the Guidelines.	94.104(e) Sub-Award Process: Docum., Conflicts of Interest, and Competition of Funding to Sub-recip.	Change from the Guidelines. New requirement that SAAs maintain a documented methodology for selecting all competitive and non-competitive sub-recipients. SAAs have sole discretion to determine which organizations will receive funds, and in what amounts, subject to the requirements of VOCA, this rule, and the provisions in the DOJ Grants Financial Guide relating to conflicts of interest. OVC notes that any organization funded with VOCA Assistance funding—even through a competitive process—must meet the statutory program eligibility criteria, which requires either a record of effective victim services and financial support from non-VOCA funding, or substantial support from non-VOCA funding.
				Text: (1) SAAs have sole discretion to determine which organizations will receive funds, and in what amounts, subject to the requirements of VOCA, this subpart, and the provisions in the DOJ Grants Financial Guide relating to conflicts of interest. SAAs must maintain a documented methodology for selecting all competitive and noncompetitive sub-recipients. (2) SAAs are encouraged to award funds through a competitive process, when feasible. Typically, such a process entails an open solicitation of applications and a documented determination, based on objective criteria set in advance by the SAA (or pass-through entity, as applicable).
SAA Program Requirements, Allocation of Sub-Awards: Direct-Service Projects Run by SAAs	Sect. IV(C)(5) Others	State grantees that meet the definition of an eligible sub- recipient organization may not subaward themselves more than ten percent of their annual VOCA award. This limitation applies to all states and territories, except for the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Republic of Palau.	94.104(f) Direct Service Projects Run by SAAs	Substantially the same. Permits an SAA to use no more than ten percent of its annual VOCA grant to fund its own direct service projects, unless the Director grants a waiver.

SAA Program Req	uirements: Re	porting Requirements	94.105 Report	ing Requirements
SAA Program Requirements, Reporting Requirements: Subgrant Award Reports	Sect. V(A) Program Reporting Reqts., Subgrant Award Reports	 A Subgrant Award Report is required for each organization that receives VOCA funds. Subgrant Award Reports are not to be completed for organizations that serve only as conduits for distributing VOCA funds or for organizations that provide limited, emergency services, on an hourly rate, to the VOCA sub-recipient organizations that are purchased by a VOCA sub-recipient are to be included on the sub-recipient's Subgrant Award Report. Requires subgrant award reports be submitted to OVC within 90 days of making the subaward. 	94.105(a) Subgrant Award Reports	Change from the Guidelines. Now requires a Subgrant Award Report on a pass-through entity. Removes the "90 day" reporting deadline. Requires SAAs to submit at such times and in such form and manner as OVC may specify from time to time, subgrant award reports to OVC for each project that receives VOCA funds. If an SAA awards funds to a pass-through entity, the SAA also shall submit a report on the pass-through entity, at such times and in such form and manner as OVC may specify from time to time. Removes the "90 day" reporting deadline and requires a Subgrant Award Report "at such times and in such form and manner as OVC may specify from time to time. The such times and in such form and manner as OVC may specify from time to time. The such times and in such form and manner as OVC may specify from time to time. The such times and in such form and manner as OVC may specify from time to time.
SAA Program Requirements, Reporting Requirements: Performance Report	Sect. V(B) Reporting Reqts., Perform. Report	Requires specific grant performance data be submitted to OVC by December 31 of each year. Contains an administrative cost provision requiring specific reporting criteria of a portion of the VOCA victim assistance grant was used for administrative costs.	94.105(b) Perform. Report	Change from the Guidelines. Removes the "December 31" deadline. Removes the administrative cost provision requiring specific reporting information. SAAs shall submit, in such form and manner as OVC may specify from time to time, performance reports to OVC on a quarterly basis.

SAA Program Requirements, Reporting Requirements: Obligation to Report Fraud, Waste, Abuse, and Similar Misconduct	Sect. IV(A)(11) Program Reqts. Obligation to Report Other Allegation/ Findings	State grantees are required to <i>immediately</i> notify OVC in the event of a formal allegation or finding of fraud, waste, and/or abuse of VOCA funds. Must also apprise OVC of the status of any on-going investigations.	94.105(c) Obligation to Report Fraud, Waste, Abuse, and Similar Misconduct	 Change from the Guidelines. Uses broader language to include "similar misconduct" and not only fraud, waste, and abuse. Uses the term "promptly" notify OVC versus "immediately." Requires evidence be referred to the DOJ's Office of the Inspector General. Requires SAAs to apprise OVC, in a timely fashion, of the status of an on-going investigation. SAAs shall: Promptly notify OVC of any formal allegation or finding of fraud, waste, abuse, or similar misconduct involving VOCA funds; Promptly refer any credible evidence of such misconduct to the Department of Justice Office of the Inspector General; and Apprise OVC, in a timely fashion, of the status of any on-going investigation.
SAA Program Req	uirements: Mo	nitoring Requirements	94.106 Monito	oring Requirements
SAA Program Requirements, Monitoring Requirements: Monitoring Plan	Sect. VII: Monit.; IV(A)(5) Program Reqts., State Grantee Eligibility Reqts., Financial Recordkg., and Program Monitoring	States that OVC will conduct on-site monitoring in which each state grantee is visited a minimum of once in every three years. Does not mention on-site monitoring by SAAs. Appropriate accounting, auditing, and monitoring procedures will be used at the grantee and sub-recipient levels so that records are maintained to ensure fiscal control, proper management, and efficient disbursement of the VOCA victim assistance funds, in accordance with the OJP Financial Guide, effective edition.	94.106(a) Monitoring Plan	 Change from the Guidelines. Requires SAAs, unless granted a waiver by the Director, to develop a monitoring plan that must include a risk assessment plan. OVC maintains the default monitoring requirements of the Guidelines, but now permits States to seek a waiver from the Director to use alternatives. Requires SAAs to develop and implement monitoring plans based on a default of regular desk monitoring and biennial on-site monitoring. Adds a requirement that such monitoring plans include a risk assessment plan. (As discussed in the Preamble.) Text: Unless the Director grants a waiver, SAAs shall develop and implement a monitoring plan in accordance with the requirements of this section and 2 CFR 200.331. The monitoring plan must include a risk assessment plan.

SAA Program Requirements, Monitoring Requirements: Monitoring Frequency	Sect. VII Monit.;. IV(A)(5) Program Reqts., State Grantee Eligibility Reqts., Financial Recordkg., and Program Monitoring	States that OVC will conduct on-site monitoring in which each state grantee is visited a minimum of once in every three years. Does not mention on-site monitoring by SAAs. Appropriate accounting, auditing, and monitoring procedures will be used at the grantee and sub-recipient levels so that records are maintained to ensure fiscal control, proper management, and efficient disbursement of the VOCA victim assistance funds, in accordance with the OJP Financial Guide, effective edition. Appropriate accounting,	94.106(b) Monitoring Frequency 94.106(c)	Change from the Guidelines. Requires SAAs conduct regular desk monitoring and on-site monitoring every two years of all sub-recipients. Does not include monitoring by OVC; only SAAs. SAAs shall conduct regular desk monitoring of all sub-recipients. In addition, SAAs shall conduct on-site monitoring of all sub-recipients at least once every two years during the award period, unless a different frequency based on risk assessment is set out in the monitoring plan.
Requirements, Monitoring Requirements: Recordkeeping	IV(A)(5) Program Reqts., State Grantee Eligibility Reqts., Financial Recordkpg. and Program Monitoring	auditing, and monitoring procedures will be used at the grantee and sub-recipient levels so that records are maintained to ensure fiscal control, proper management, and efficient disbursement of the VOCA victim assistance funds, in accordance with the OJP Financial Guide, effective edition.	Recordkpg.	and other documents related to compliance.
SAA Use of Funds	for Administrat	ion and Training		
SAA Use of Funds for Administration and Training SAA Use of Funds for Administration and Training: Administration and Training			94.107 Admir	nistration and Training

SAA Use of Funds	Sect. III(B)	Permits the SAA to charge any	94.107	Note, this section does not contain the language regarding indirect costs from
for Admin. and	Admin. Cost	federally approved indirect	Admin, and	the Guidelines. Indirect costs provision moved to section 94.109(a).
Trng., Admin.	Provision for	cost rate to the grant.	Training	
and Trng.	State	However, any indirect costs	_	
	Grantees	requested must be paid from		
		the five percent		
		administrative funds.		
SAA Use of Funds	Sect. III(B)	Permits each grantee to retain	94.107(a)	Substantially the same, but the language is broader allowing for potential
for Admin. and	Admin. Cost	up to, but not more than, 5%	Amount	amendments to VOCA changing the five percent cap.
Trng., Admin.	Provision for	of each year's grant for		
and Trng.:	State	administering the VOCA victim		No SAA may use more than the amount prescribed by VOCA, at 42 U.S.C.
Amount	Grantees	assistance grant at the state		10603(b)(3), for training and administration. As of July, 8, 2016, the amount is
		grantee level with the		five percent of a State's annual VOCA grant.
		remaining portion being used		
		exclusively for direct services		
		to crime victims or to train		
		direct service providers.		
SAA Use of Funds	Sect.	States must indicate in a	94.107(b)	Change from the Guidelines. Permits SAAs to notify OVC of their decision to
for Admin. and	III(A)(7)	letter transmitting their	Notification	use VOCA funds for training or administration either in their application or
Trng., Admin.	Admin. Cost	annual grant application		within 30 days of such decision.
and Trng.:	Provision	whether they intend to use		
Notification	Notif.; III(B)	the administrative cost		An SAA shall notify OVC of its decision to use VOCA funds for training or
	Admin. Cost	provision.		administration, either at the time of application for the VOCA grant or within
	Provision for			thirty days of such decision. Such notification shall indicate what portion of
	State	Grantees are required to		the amount will be allocated for training and what portion for administration.
	Grantees	certify that VOCA		If VOCA funding will be used for administration, the SAA shall follow the rules
		administrative funds will not		and submit the certification required in§ 94.108 regarding supplantation.
		be used to supplant state		
		funds.		
SAA Use of Funds	Sect. III(B)	Requires that administrative	94.107(c)	Substantially the same.
for Admin. and	Admin. Cost	funds be expended during the	Availability	
Trng., Admin.	Provision for	project period for which the		Requires that SAAs ensure that each training and administrative activity
and Trng.:	State	grant was awarded.		funded by the VOCA grant occurs within the award period.
Availability	Grantees			
SAA Use of Funds	Sect. V(B)(2)	Contains an administrative	94.107(d)	Change from the Guidelines. More flexible reporting requirements for T&A.
for Admin. and	Reporting	cost provision requiring	Document	Not required as part of the Performance report.
Trng., Admin.	Reqts.,	specific reporting criteria of a		

and Trng.:	Perform.	portion of the VOCA victim		Requires SAAs to maintain sufficient records to substantiate the expenditure of		
Documentation	Report,	assistance grant was used for		VOCA funds for training or administration.		
	Admin. Cost	administrative costs.				
	Provision					
		For those state grantees who				
		opt to use a portion of the				
		VOCA victim assistance grant				
		for administrative costs, the				
		Performance Report will be				
		used to describe how the				
		funds were actually used and				
		the impact of the 5%				
		administrative funds on the				
		state grantee's ability to				
		expand, enhance, and				
		improve services to crime				
		victims. State grantees who				
		choose to use a portion of				
		their VOCA victim assistance				
		grant for administrative costs				
		must maintain a clear audit				
		trail of all costs supported by				
		administrative funds and				
		be able to document the value				
		of the grantee's previous				
		commitment to				
		administering VOCA.				
SAA Use of Funds	Sect.	The cost of training paid and	94.107(e)	Substantially the same. The cost of training volunteers will not count against		
for Admin. and	IV(E)(1)(g)	volunteer staff is an allowable	Volunteer	the five percent T&A cap.		
Trng., Admin.	Personnel	cost for direct services.	Training			
and Trng.:	Costs			States that SAAs may allow sub-recipients to use VOCA funds to train		
Volunteer				volunteers in how to provide direct services when such services will be		
Training				provided primarily by volunteers. Such use of VOCA funds will not count		
	ļ			against the five percent limitation amount for training and administration.		
		tion and Training Duckibits (
		tion and Training: Prohibited	94.108 Prohib	94.108 Prohibited Supplantation of Funding for Administrative Costs		
Supplantation of F	unaing for Adr	ninistrative Costs				

SAA Use of Funds for Admin. and Trng., Prohib. Suppl. of Funding for Admin. Costs: Non- Supplantation Requirements	Sect. III(B) Admin. Cost Provision for State Grantees; IV(A)(2) Nonsuppl.	Prohibits VOCA funds from being used to supplant state and local funds that would otherwise be available for crime victim services. This supplantation clause applies to state and local public agencies only. Grantees must certify that VOCA administrative funds will not be used to supplant state funds. State grantees will not be in violation of the non- supplantation clause if there is a decrease in the state's previous financial commitment towards the administration of the VOCA grant programs due to specified circumstances. States are required to notify OVC if there is a decrease in the amount of its previous financial commitment to the cost of administering the VOCA program.Does not provide a definition for supplantation.	94.108(a) Non- Supplant. Reqts.	Change from the Guidelines. Provides a definition for supplantation as the deliberate reduction of State funds because of the availability of VOCA funds. While it is no longer mandatory for the SAA to notify OVC of a decrease in its previous financial commitment to administering the program, an explanation must be provided upon request by OVC. SAAs may not use VOCA funding to supplant State administrative support for the State crime victim assistance program. Consistent with the DOJ Grants Financial Guide, such supplantation is the deliberate reduction of State funds because of the availability of VOCA funds. Where a State decreases its administrative support for the State crime victim assistance program, the SAA must submit, upon request from OVC, an explanation for the decrease.
SAA Use of Funds	Sect. III(B)	Prohibits VOCA funds from	94.108(b)	Requires SAAs establish and document a baseline level of non-VOCA funding
for Admin. and	Admin. Cost	being used to supplant state	Baseline for	required to administer the State victim assistance program and to certify that
Trng., Prohib.	Provision for	and local funds that would	Admin. Costs	they are not supplanting State administrative support for the State crime victim
Suppl. of Funding	State	otherwise be available for		assistance program with VOCA funding.
for Admin. Costs:	1	· · · · ·	1	
	Grantees;	crime victim services. This		

Administrative Costs	Nonsuppl.	to state and local public agencies only. Grantees must certify that VOCA administrative funds will not be used to supplant state funds.		 (1) Establish and document a baseline level of non-VOCA funding required to administer the State victim assistance program, based on SAA expenditures for administrative costs during that fiscal year and the previous fiscal year, prior to expending VOCA funds for administration; and (2) Submit the certification required by 42 U.S.C. 10604(h), which, as of July, 8, 2016, requires an SAA to certify here that VOCA funds will not be used to supplant State funds, but will be used to increase the amount of such funds that would, in the absence of VOCA funds, be made available for administrative purposes.
SAA Use of Funds Administrative Co	-	ion and Training: Allowable	94.109 Allowa	able Administrative Costs
SAA Use of Funds for Admin. and Trng., Allowable Admin. Costs: Indirect Cost Rate	Sect. III(B) Admin. Cost Provision for State Grantees	State grantees are not required to match the portion of the grant that is used for administrative purposes. The state administrative agency may charge any federally approved indirect cost rate to the grant. However, any indirect costs requested must be paid from the 5 percent administrative funds. Administrative grant funds can only support that portion of a staff person's time devoted to the VOCA assistance program.	94.109(a)	Substantially the same. Funds for administration may be used only for costs directly associated with administering a State's victim assistance program. Where allowable administrative costs are allocable to both the crime victim assistance program and another State program, the VOCA grant may be charged no more than its proportionate share of such costs. SAAs may charge a federally-approved indirect cost rate to the VOCA grant, provided that the total amount charged does not exceed the amount prescribed by VOCA for training and administration.
SAA Use of Funds for Admin. and Trng., Allowable Admin. Costs: Salaries and Benefits	Sect. III(B)(a) Admin. Cost Provision for State Grantees	Pay salaries and benefits for staff and consultant fees to administer and manage the financial and programmatic aspects of VOCA.	94.109(b)(1) Salaries and Benefits	Substantially the same. Allows for VOCA funds to be used to pay salaries and benefits of SAA staff and consultants to administer and manage the program.

SAA Use of Funds	Sect.	Attend OVC-sponsored and	94.109(b)(2)	Change from the Guidelines. Clarifies that travel, registration, and other fees
for Admin. and Trng., Allowable	III(B)(1)(b) Admin. Cost	other relevant technical assistance meetings that	Training of SAA staff	are allowable expenses.
Admin. Costs:	Provision for	address issues and concerns		Allows for training of SAA staff, including, but not limited to, travel,
Training of SAA	State	to state administration of		registration fees, and other expenses associated with SAA staff attendance at
Staff	Grantees	victims' programs.		technical assistance meetings and conferences relevant to the program as
				allowable administrative costs.
		Does not specifically mention		
		travel and registration fees.		Direct service provider manager training is allowed, but categorized as a
				training expense under section 94.110. (As discussed in the Preamble.)
SAA Use of Funds	Sect.	Allows for monitoring VOCA	94.109(b)(3)	Change from the Guidelines. Clarifies that travel, mileage, and other
for Admin. and	III(B)(1)(c)	Victim Assistance sub-	Monitoring	associated expenses are allowable.
Trng., Allowable	Monitor	recipients and potential sub-	Compliance	
Admin. Costs:		recipients, provide technical		Allows for monitoring compliance of VOCA sub-recipients with federal and
Monitoring		assistance, and/or evaluation		State requirements, support for victims' rights compliance programs, provision
Compliance		and assessment of program		of technical assistance, and evaluation and assessment of program activities,
		activities.		including, but not limited to, travel, mileage, and other associated expenses.
SAA Use of Funds	Sect. III(B)	Not included.	94.109(b)(4)	Change from the Guidelines. Adds reporting and related activities as an
for Admin. and	Admin. Cost		Reporting	allowable expense.
Trng., Allowable	Provision for			
Admin. Costs:	State			Allows for reporting and related activities necessary to meet federal and State
Reporting	Grantees			requirements as an allowable administrative expense.
SAA Use of Funds	Sect. III	Allows for monitoring VOCA	94.109(b)(5)	Change from the Guidelines. Clarifies examples of allowable program
for Admin. and	(B)(1)(c)	Victim Assistance sub-	Program	evaluation expenses, such as surveys.
Trng., Allowable	Monitor	recipients and potential sub-	Evaluation	
Admin. Costs:		recipients, provide technical		Allows for program evaluation, including, but not limited to, surveys or studies
Program		assistance, and/or evaluation		that measure the effect or outcome of victim services as an allowable
Evaluation		and assessment of program		administrative expense.
		activities.		
SAA Use of Funds	Sect.	Allows for program audit	94.109(b)(6)	Substantially the same.
for Admin. and	III(B)(1)(g)	costs.	Program	
Trng., Allowable	Program		Audit Costs	Allows for program audit costs and related activities necessary to meet federal
Admin. Costs:	Audit Costs			audit requirements for the VOCA grant.
Program Audit				
Costs	a			
SAA Use of Funds	Sect. III	Allows for the purchase of	94.109(b)(7)	Substantially the same. Updates the examples of allowable technology-related
for Admin. and	(B)(1)(d)	equipment, such as	Techn	costs to include such things as GMS, social media platforms, victim notification

Trng., Allowable	Admin. Cost	computers, software, fax	Related Costs	systems, and other automated systems.
Admin. Costs:	Provision for	machines, and copying		
Technology-	State	machines.		Expands the allowable expenses to permit technology-related costs, generally
Related Costs	Grantees			including for grant management systems, electronic communications systems
				and platforms (e.g., web pages and social media), geographic information
				systems, victim notification systems, and other automated systems, related
				equipment (e.g., computers, software, fax and copying machines, TTY/TTDs)
				and related technology support services necessary for administration of the
				program. (Note-direct service funding may also be used to support victim
				notification systems. As discussed in the Preamble.)
SAA Use of Funds	Sect. III(B)	Allows the purchase of	94.109(b)(8)	Change from the Guidelines. Adds memberships in "organizations that support
for Admin. and	(1)(f)	memberships in crime	Mbrships.	the management and administration of victim assistance programs."
Trng., Allowable	Mbrships.	victims organizations and		
Admin. Costs:	•	victim-related materials such		Allows for VOCA funds to be used to pay for memberships in crime victims'
Memberships		as curricula, literature, and		organizations and organizations that support the management and
•		protocols.		administration of victim assistance programs, and publications and materials
				such as curricula, literature, and protocols relevant to the management and
				administration of the program.
SAA Use of Funds	Sect. III	Allows for the development of	94.109(b)(9)	Change from the Guidelines. Clarifies that the development of strategic plans
for Admin. and	(B)(2)(a)	strategic plans on a state	Strategic	includes both service and financial.
Trng., Allowable	Admin. Cost	and/or regional basis, conduct	Planning	
Admin. Costs:	Provision for	surveys and needs	U	Specifies that strategic planning, including but not limited to, the development
Strategic	State	assessments, promote		of strategic plans, both service and financial, including conducting surveys and
Planning	Grantees	innovative approaches to		needs assessments, are allowable administrative expenses.
5		serving crime victims such as		
		through the use of		
		technology.		
SAA Use of Funds	Sect. III	Allows for the Improvement of	94.109	Change from the Guidelines. Broadens the allowable expenses to include
for Admin. and	(B)(2)(b) and	coordination efforts on	(b)(10)	coordination and collaboration efforts.
Trng., Allowable	(B)(2)(e)	behalf of crime victims with	Coord. and	
Admin. Costs:	Coord.	other federally funded	Collab.	Coordination and collaboration efforts among relevant federal, State, and local
Coordination and		programs and with federal,	Efforts	agencies and organizations to improve victim services.
Collaboration		state, and local agencies and		
Efforts		organizations.		
		-		
		Allows for the coordination		
		and development of		
		protocols, policies, and		

SAA Use of Funds for Admin. and Trng., Allowable Admin. Costs: Publications	Sect. III (B)(2)(d) Pubs.	procedures that promote systemic change in the ways crime victims are treated and served. Allows for the purchase, print, and/or development of publications such as training manuals for service providers, victim services directories, and brochures.	94.109 (b)(11) Publications	Substantially the same. Publications, including, but not limited to, developing, purchasing, printing, distributing training materials, victim services directories, brochures, and other relevant publications are allowable expenses.	
SAA Use of Funds for Admin. and Trng., Allowable Admin. Costs: General Program Improvements	Sect. III(B) Admin. Cost Provision for State Grantees	Not included.	94.109(12) General Program Imprvmnts.	Change from the Guidelines. Adds "General program improvements" as an allowable expense. Adds "General program improvements," enhancing overall SAA operations relating to the program and improving the delivery and quality of program services to crime victims throughout the State as allowable administrative costs.	
SAA Use of Funds j Training Costs	SAA Use of Funds for Administration and Training: Allowable Training Costs		94.110 Allowable Training Costs		
SAA Use of Funds for Admin. and Trng., Allowable Trng. Costs: Allowable Training Costs	Sect. III(C) Use of Funds for Training	State grantees have the option of retaining a portion of their VOCA victim assistance grant for conducting statewide and/or regional trainings of victim services staff. <i>The</i> <i>maximum amount permitted</i> <i>for this purpose is one percent</i> <i>of the state's grant.</i> Each training activity must occur within the grant period, and all training costs must be obligated prior to the end of the grant period.	94.110 Allowable Training Costs	Change from the Guidelines. Removes the 1% cap and match language. VOCA funds may be used only for training activities that occur within the award period, and all funds for training must be obligated prior to the end of such period. Allowable training costs generally include, but are not limited to, the following: (a) Statewide/regional training of personnel providing direct assistance and allied professionals, including VOCA funded and non-VOCA funded personnel, as well as managers and Board members of victim service agencies; and (b) Training academies for victim assistance.	

SAA Use of Funds for Admin. and Trng., Allowable Trng. Costs: Statewide/ Regional Training	Sect.III (B)(2)(c); III(B)(2)(f) Admin. Cost Provision for State Grantees; III(C) Use of Funds for Training	The VOCA funds used for training by the state grantee must be matched at 20 percent of the total project cost, cash or in-kind, and the source of the match must be described. Provide training on crime victim issues to state, public, and nonprofit organizations that serve or assist crime victims such as law enforcement officials, prosecutors, judges, corrections personnel, social service workers, child and youth service providers, aging and adult protective service providers, and mental health and medical professionals. Train managers of victim service agencies.	94.110(a) Statewide/ Regional Training	Clarifies that allowable training expenses include State-wide/regional training of personnel providing direct assistance and allied professionals, including VOCA funded and non-VOCA funded personnel, as well as managers and Board members of victim service agencies.
SAA Use of Funds for Admin. and Trng., Allowable Trng. Costs: Training Academies	Sect. III(C) Use of Funds for Training	Not included.	94.110(b) Training Academies	Change from the Guidelines. Adds training academies as an allowable training expense.
Sub-Recipient Prog	ıram Requirem	ents		
Sub-Recipient Program Requirements: Eligible Crime Victim Assistance Programs		94.111 Eligible	Crime Victim Assistance Programs	
Sub-Rec. Program Rqts.: Eligible Crime	Sect. IV(A) (1); IV(B)(1); and	Sub-recipients must abide by state criteria.	94.111 Eligible Crime Victim	Substantially the same as the Guidelines. SAAs may award VOCA funds only to crime victim assistance programs that

Victim Assistance	IV(B)(10)	States should ensure that only	Assistance	meet the requirements of VOCA, at 42 U.S.C. 10603(b)(1), and this subpart.
Programs	Program	eligible organizations receive	Programs	Each such program shall abide by any additional criteria or reporting
	Reqts.	VOCA funds, and that these	_	requirements established by the SAA.
		funds are used only for		
		services to victims of crime,		
		except those funds that the		
		state grantee uses for training		
		victim service providers		
		and/or administrative		
		purposes, as authorized by		
		Section 1404(b) codified at 42		
		U.S.C. 10603(b). Organizations		
		must be operated by public or		
		nonprofit organization, or a		
		combination of such		
		organizations, and provide		
		services to crime victims.		
		Sub-recipients must abide by		
		any additional eligibility or		
		service criteria as established		
		by the state grantee including		
		submitting statistical and		
		programmatic information on		
		the use and impact of VOCA		
		funds, as requested by the		
		grantee.		
Sub-Recipient Pro	aram Reauirem	nents: Types of Eligible		
Organizations and	• •	<i></i>	94.112 Types o	of Eligible Organizations and Organizational Capacity
Sub-Rec. Prog.	Sect. IV(C)	Includes victim services	94.112(a)	Substantially the same. Clarifies that eligible programs are not limited to
Rqts., Types of	Eligible Sub-	organizations whose sole	Eligible	entities whose sole purpose is to provide direct services.
Eligible	recip.	purpose is to serve crime	Programs	
Organizations	Organ.;	victims and also other public		Eligible programs are not limited to entities whose sole purpose is to provide
and Organiz.	IV(C)(1)	and nonprofit organizations		direct services. Provides special considerations for certain types of entities in
Capacity: Eligible	Criminal	that have components which		the following sections.
Programs	Justice	offer services to crime victims.		

organization must provide services to crime victims and be operated by a public agency or nonprofit organization, or a combination of such agencies or organizations in order to be eligible to receive VOCA funding. Eligible organizations include victim services organizations whose sole mission is to provide services to crime victims. In addition to victim services organizations, whose sole purpose is to serve crime victims, there are many other public and nonprofit organizations that have components which offer services to crime victims. These organizations are eligible to receive VOCA funds, if the funds are used to expand or enhance the		Agencies	VOCA specifies that an		
services to crime victims and be operated by a public agency or nonprofit organization, or a combination of such agencies or organizations in order to be eligible to receive VOCA funding. Eligible organizations include victim services organizations whose sole mission is to provide services to crime victims. In addition to victim services organizations, whose sole purpose is to serve crime victims, there are many other public and nonprofit organizations that have components which offer services to crime victims. These organizations are eligible to receive VOCA funds, if the funds are used to expand or enhance the		Agencies	-		
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organizations that have components which offer services to crime victims. These organizations are eligible to receive VOCA funds, if the funds are used to expand or enhance the			crime victims, there are many		
components which offer services to crime victims. These organizations are eligible to receive VOCA funds, if the funds are used to expand or enhance the			other public and nonprofit		
services to crime victims. These organizations are eligible to receive VOCA funds, if the funds are used to expand or enhance the			organizations that have		
These organizations are eligible to receive VOCA funds, if the funds are used to expand or enhance the			components which offer		
eligible to receive VOCA funds, if the funds are used to expand or enhance the			services to crime victims.		
if the funds are used to expand or enhance the			These organizations are		
expand or enhance the			eligible to receive VOCA funds,		
			if the funds are used to		
delivery of crime victims'			expand or enhance the		
			delivery of crime victims'		
services.			services.		
Lists criminal justice agencies			Lists criminal justice agencies		
as an eligible organization and					
lists specific services that may			5 5		
be included.					
Sub-Rec. Prog. Sect. Lists criminal justice agencies 94.112(a) <i>Change from the Guidelines. Does not specifically list criminal justice agencies.</i>	Sub-Rec. Prog.	Sect.	Lists criminal justice agencies	94.112(a)	Change from the Guidelines. Does not specifically list criminal justice agencies.
Rqts., Types of IV(C)(1) as an eligible organization and Eligible <i>This does not mean it is a prohibited entity if it meets the requirements (i.e., if</i>	-				
Eligible Criminal lists specific services that may Programs the organization's sole purpose is to provide direct services).				-	
Organizations Justice be included.	-	Justice			
and Organiz. Agencies	-				
Capacity:	-				

Criminal Justice Agencies				
Sub-Rec. Prog. Rqts., Types of Eligible Organizations and Organiz. Capacity: Hospitals and Emergency Medical Facilities	Sect. IV(C)(4) Hospitals and Emergency Medical Facilities	Allows for hospitals and emergency medical facilities and sets forth specific criteria for eligibility.	94.112(a) Eligible Programs	Change from the Guidelines. Does not specifically list hospitals and emergency medical facilities as an eligible organization. This does not mean it is a prohibited entity if it meets the requirements (i.e., if the organization's sole purpose is to provide direct services).
Sub-Rec. Prog. Rqts., Types of Eligible Organizations and Organiz. Capacity: Faith- Based and Neighborhood Programs	Sect. IV(C)(2) Religiously- Affiliated Organiz.	Uses the term "Religiously- Affiliated Organizations" Such organizations receiving VOCA funds must ensure that services are offered to all crime victims without regard to religious affiliation and that the receipt of services is not contingent upon participation in a religious activity or event.	94.112(a)(1) Faith-Based and Neighbor. Programs	Change from the Guidelines, but substantially the same. Uses the term "Faith- based and neighborhood programs" instead of "Religiously-Affiliated Organizations." Does not specifically discuss religious affiliation, but requires compliance with federal law and part 38 of this chapter. SAAs may award VOCA funds to otherwise eligible faith-based and neighborhood programs, but in making such awards, SAAs shall ensure that such programs comply with all applicable federal law, including, but not limited to, part 38 of this chapter.
Sub-Rec. Prog. Rqts., Types of Eligible Organizations and Organiz. Capacity: Crime Victims Compensation Programs	Sect. IV(C)(3) State Crime Victim Comp. Agencies	Allows for State Crime Victim Compensation Agencies if they offer direct services to crime victims that extend beyond the essential duties of compensation staff such as claims investigations, distribution of information about compensation and referral to other sources of public and private assistance. Such services would include assisting victims in identifying and accessing needed services and resources.	94.112(a)(2) Crime Victim Comp. Programs	Change from the Guidelines, but substantially the same. Expands the examples of the type of services that can be provided to include, but are not limited to, crisis intervention; counseling; and providing information, referrals, and follow- up for crime victims. SAAs may provide VOCA victim assistance funding to compensation programs only for the purpose of providing direct services that extend beyond the essential duties of the staff administering the compensation program, which services may include, but are not limited to, crisis intervention; counseling; and providing information, referrals, and follow-up for crime victims.

Sub-Rec. Prog.	Sect. II(D)	Allows for awards to	94.112(a)(3)	Change from the Guidelines, but substantially the same. Removes the
Rqts., Types of	Allocation of	organizations that are located	Victim	language encouraging an interstate agreement and removes the requirement
Eligible	Funds	in an adjacent State when it is	Service	to notify OVC of such use of funds.
-	Within the	an efficient and cost-effective		to notify ove of such use of junus.
Organizations and Organiz.		mechanism available. When	Organiz.	SAAs may award VOCA funds to otherwise eligible programs that are physically
•	State			SAAs may award VOCA funds to otherwise eligible programs that are physically
Capacity: Victim		such awards are made, the		located in an adjacent State, but in making such awards, the SAA shall provide
Service		amount of award must be		notice of such award to the SAA of the adjacent State, and coordinate, as
Organizations		proportional to the number of		appropriate, to ensure effective provision of services, monitoring, auditing of
		victims to be served by the		federal funds, compliance, and reporting.
		adjacent-state organization.		
		OVC recommends that		
		grantees enter into an		
		interstate agreement with the		
		adjacent state to address		
		monitoring of the VOCA		
		Sub-recipient, auditing federal		
		funds, managing		
		noncompliance issues, and		
		reporting requirements.		
		States must notify OVC of		
		each VOCA award made		
		to an organization in another		
Sub-Rec. Prog.	Sect.	state. State grantees can be an	94.112(a)(4)	Substantially the same. Allows for direct service programs run by the SAA. See
Rqts., Types of	IV(C)(5)	eligible organization, but	Direct	sect. 94.104(f), which permits an SAA to use no more than ten percent of its
Eligible	Eligible Sub-	limited to 10% cap of VOCA	Service	annual VOCA grant to fund its own direct service projects, unless the Director
Organizations	recip.	funds.	Programs	grants a waiver.
and Organiz.	Organiz.,		Run by the	
Capacity: Direct-	Others	State and local public agencies	SAA	SAAs may fund their own direct services programs, but, under § 94.104(f), may
Service Programs	Others	such as mental health service	344	allocate no more than ten percent of the VOCA grant to such programs, and
Run by the SAAs		organizations, state/local		each such program shall adhere to the allowable/unallowable cost rules for
Null by the SAAS		public child and adult		sub-recipient projects set out in this subpart at §§ 94.119 through 94.122.
		protective services, state		
		grantees, legal services		
		agencies and programs with a		
		demonstrated history of		
		advocacy on behalf of		

of the Program Sub-Rec. Prog. Rqts., Organiz. Capacity of the Program: Record	gram Requirent Sect. IV(B)(2) Record of Effective Services	domestic violence victims, and public housing authorities that have components specifically trained to serve crime victims. Since the intention of the VOCA grant program is to support and enhance the crime victim services provided by community agencies, state grantees that meet the definition of an eligible sub- recipient organization may not subaward themselves more than 10 percent of their annual VOCA award.	94.112(b) Organizat. Capacity of the Program 94.112(b)(1) Record of Effective Services	For purposes of VOCA, at 42 U.S.C. 10603(b)(1)(B): Eligibility of Program; Factors; Limitation on Expending of Sums, the following shall apply. Substantially the same. With regard to determining the organizational capacity of a sub-recipient, the SAA determines what constitutes "a record of effective services to victims of crime," and this may vary depending on the State, and community served, and the entity providing services.
		subaward themselves more than 10 percent of their		
	1		94.112(b)	
Sub-Recipient Pro	gram Requiren	nents: Organizational Capacity	-	
of the Program			• • •	Factors; Limitation on Expending of Sums, the following shall apply.
	T -		-	
-				
•			Services	state, and community served, and the entity providing services.
ot Ettoctivo	Services	I having the support and		
of Effective				Leaves unchanged the near evolutive list of considerations that SAAs may take
of Effective Services		approval of its services by the		Leaves unchanged the non-exclusive list of considerations that SAAs may take
		approval of its services by the community, a history of		into account when making this determination. SAAs may also consider
		approval of its services by the community, a history of providing direct services in a		into account when making this determination. SAAs may also consider additional factors, such as the type of victim the entity's services address, the
		approval of its services by the community, a history of providing direct services in a cost-effective manner, and		into account when making this determination. SAAs may also consider additional factors, such as the type of victim the entity's services address, the type of services provided, best practices within that service field, and the
		approval of its services by the community, a history of providing direct services in a cost-effective manner, and financial support from other		into account when making this determination. SAAs may also consider additional factors, such as the type of victim the entity's services address, the type of services provided, best practices within that service field, and the characteristics of the entity (e.g., small, specialized service provider; larger,
		approval of its services by the community, a history of providing direct services in a cost-effective manner, and		into account when making this determination. SAAs may also consider additional factors, such as the type of victim the entity's services address, the type of services provided, best practices within that service field, and the
		approval of its services by the community, a history of providing direct services in a cost-effective manner, and financial support from other		into account when making this determination. SAAs may also consider additional factors, such as the type of victim the entity's services address, the type of services provided, best practices within that service field, and the characteristics of the entity (e.g., small, specialized service provider; larger, comprehensive service provider). As discussed in the Preamble.
		approval of its services by the community, a history of providing direct services in a cost-effective manner, and financial support from other		into account when making this determination. SAAs may also consider additional factors, such as the type of victim the entity's services address, the type of services provided, best practices within that service field, and the characteristics of the entity (e.g., small, specialized service provider; larger,
		approval of its services by the community, a history of providing direct services in a cost-effective manner, and financial support from other		 into account when making this determination. SAAs may also consider additional factors, such as the type of victim the entity's services address, the type of services provided, best practices within that service field, and the characteristics of the entity (e.g., small, specialized service provider; larger, comprehensive service provider). As discussed in the Preamble. Text: A program has demonstrated a record of effective direct services and
		approval of its services by the community, a history of providing direct services in a cost-effective manner, and financial support from other		 into account when making this determination. SAAs may also consider additional factors, such as the type of victim the entity's services address, the type of services provided, best practices within that service field, and the characteristics of the entity (e.g., small, specialized service provider; larger, comprehensive service provider). As discussed in the Preamble. Text: A program has demonstrated a record of effective direct services and support from sources other than the Crime Victims Fund when, for example, it
		approval of its services by the community, a history of providing direct services in a cost-effective manner, and financial support from other		 into account when making this determination. SAAs may also consider additional factors, such as the type of victim the entity's services address, the type of services provided, best practices within that service field, and the characteristics of the entity (e.g., small, specialized service provider; larger, comprehensive service provider). As discussed in the Preamble. Text: A program has demonstrated a record of effective direct services and support from sources other than the Crime Victims Fund when, for example, it demonstrates the support and approval of its direct services by the

Sub-Rec. Prog. Rqts., Organiz. Capacity of the Program: Substantial Financial Support From Sources Other Than the Crime Victims Fund	Sect. IV(B)(3) Sub- rec. Organiz. Eligibility Reqts., New Programs	Those programs that have not yet demonstrated a record of providing services may be eligible to receive VOCA funding, if they can demonstrate that 25-50 percent of their financial support comes from non- federal sources. It is important that organizations have a variety of funding sources besides federal funding in order to ensure their financial stability. States are responsible for establishing the base level of non-federal support required within the 25-50 percent	94.112(b)(2) Substantial Financial Support From Sources Other Than the Crime Victims Fund	Change from the Guidelines. Sets forth criteria to establish a program has substantial financial support from sources other than the CVF. The amount is not set by the State, but requires that at least twenty-five percent of the program's funding in the year of, or the year preceding the award, comes from other sources. Text: A program has substantial financial support from sources other than the Crime Victims Fund when at least twenty-five percent of the program's funding in the year of, or the year preceding the award, comes from such sources, which may include other federal funding programs. If the funding is non- federal (or meets the DOJ Grants Financial Guide exceptions for using federal funding for match), then a program may count the used funding to demonstrate non-VOCA substantial financial support toward its project match requirement.
		range.		
Sub-Recipient Prog Community Efforts	•	ents: Use of Volunteers, n Assistance	94.113 Use of	Volunteers, Community Efforts, Compensation Assistance
Sub-Rec. Prog. Rqts., Use of Vol., Comm. Efforts, Comp. Assistance: Mandated Use of Volunteers; Waiver; Mandated Use of Volunteers	Sect. IV(B)(5) Volunteers	Requires sub-recipients to use volunteers unless the State grantee determines there is a "compelling reason" to waive the requirement.	94.113(a) Mandated Use of Volunteers; 94.113(b) Waiver of Use of Volunteers	Change from the Guidelines. Removes the "compelling reason" language for a waiver. The SAA determines if a waiver should be granted. The mandated use of volunteers provision applies as an eligibility requirement for sub-recipient organizations (programs), not as a requirement for individual projects. Programs shall use volunteers, to the extent required by the SAA, in order to be eligible for VOCA funds. The chief executive of the State, who may act through the SAA, may waive this requirement, provided that the program submits written documentation of its efforts to recruit and maintain volunteers, to the satisfaction of the chief executive.
				SAAs shall maintain documentation supporting any waiver granted under VOCA, at 42 U.SC. 10603(b)(1)(C), relating to the use of volunteers by

				programs.
Sub-Rec. Prog.	Sect.	Promote, within the	94.113(c)	Substantially the same. Removed the language regarding "coordination
Rqts., Use of Vol.,	IV(B)(6)	community, coordinated	Promotion of	efforts" qualify an organization to receive VOCA funds, but cannot be paid with
Comm. Efforts,	Promote	public and private efforts to	Community	VOCA funds.
Comp.	Comm.	aid crime victims.	Efforts to Aid	
Assistance: Promotion of Community Efforts to Aid Crime Victims	Efforts to Aid Crime Victims	Coordination may include, but is not limited to, serving on state, federal, local, or Native American task forces, commissions, working groups, coalitions, and/or multidisciplinary teams. Coordination efforts also include developing written agreements that contribute to better and more comprehensive services to crime victims.	Crime Victims	Community served coordinated public and private efforts to aid crime victims may include, but are not limited to, serving on federal, State, local, or tribal work groups to oversee and recommend improvements to community responses to crime victims, and developing written agreements and protocols for such responses.
		Coordination efforts qualify an organization to receive VOCA victim assistance funds, but are not activities that can be supported with VOCA funds.		
Sub-Rec. Prog. Rqts., Use of Vol., Comm. Efforts, Comp. Assistance: Assistance to Victims in	Sect. IV(B)(7) Help Victims Apply for Comp. Benefits	Requires sub-recipients assist victims with applying for compensation benefits. Such assistance may include identifying and notifying crime victims of the availability of compensation, assisting them	94.113(d) Assistance to Victims in Applying for Comp.	Substantially the same. Broadens the language describing the type of assistance that can be provided in assisting victims with applying for compensation benefits. Added intervening on behalf of such potential recipients with the crime victims' compensation program. Clarifies that a sub- recipient may comply with the VOCA requirement to assist victims in applying for compensation by providing referrals.
Applying for Compensation		with application forms and procedures, obtaining necessary documentation, and/or checking on claim status.		Provides that assistance to potential recipients of crime victim compensation benefits (including potential recipients who are victims of federal crime) in applying for such benefits may include, but are not limited to, referring such potential recipients to an organization that can so assist, identifying crime victims and advising them of the availability of such benefits, assisting such potential recipients with application forms and procedures, obtaining

				necessary documentation, monitoring claim status, and intervening on behalf of such potential recipients with the crime victims' compensation program.
Sub-Recipient Program Requirements: Prohibited Discrimination		94.114 Prohibited Discrimination		
Sub-Rec. Prog. Rqts.: Prohibited Discrimination	Sect. (IV)(A)(9) Civil Rights	Prohibits discrimination based on the grounds of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, age, or disability. Maintain statutorily required civil rights statistics on victims served by race, national origin, sex, age, and disability, within the timetable established by the state grantee.	94.114(a); 94.114(b)	Change from the Guidelines. Expands the requirement for non-discrimination to include compliance with such guidance as may be issued from time to time by the Office for Civil Rights within the Office of Justice Programs. Requires compliance with 28 CFR part 42. Text: (a) The VOCA non-discrimination provisions specified at 42 U.S.C. 10604(e) shall be implemented in accordance with 28 CFR part 42. (b) In complying with VOCA, at 42 U.S.C. 10604(e), as implemented by 28 CFR part 42, SAAs and sub-recipients shall comply with such guidance as may be issued from time to time by the Office for Civil Rights within the Office of Justice Programs.
•	Sub-Recipient Program Requirements: Non-Disclosure of Confidential or Private Information		94.115 Non-Disclosure of Confidential or Private Information	
Sub-Rec. Prog. Rqts.,: Non- Disclosure of Confidential or Private Information	Sect. IV(B)(13) Client- Counselor and Research Inform. Confid.; IV(B)(14) Confid. of Research Inform.	Not included; only sets forth confidentiality requirements for client-counselor and research or statistical information.	94.115(a) – (e) Non- Disclosure of Confidential or Private Information	Change from the Guidelines. Establishes confidentiality and privacy requirements to protect persons receiving services. Requires SAAs and sub-recipients to reasonably protect the confidentiality and privacy of persons receiving services under this program and prohibits the release of personally identifying information or client information except in certain circumstances. Allows for information sharing of certain non-identifying data and court- generated information, law-enforcement generated information, and law enforcement- and prosecution- generated information in certain circumstances. Nothing in this section prohibits compliance with legally mandated reporting of abuse or neglect.

				See sect. 94.115 for specific text and requirements.
Sub-Recipient Pro	ject Requireme			
Sub-Recipient Project Requirements: Purpose of VOCA-Funded Projects		94.116 Purpose of VOCA-Funded Projects		
Sub-Recipient Project Requirements: Purpose of VOCA-Funded Projects	Sect. IV(B) Sub-recip. Organiz. Eligibility Reqts.; IV(B)(11) Services to Victims of Federal Crimes	VOCA establishes eligibility criteria that must be met by all organizations that receive VOCA funds. These funds are to be awarded to sub- recipients only for providing services to victims of crime through their staff. Requires sub-recipients provide services to victims of federal crimes on the same basis as victims of state/local crimes.	94.116 Purpose of VOCA- Funded Projects	 Change from the Guidelines. Adds that sub-recipients may provide direct services regardless of a victim's participation in the criminal justice system. Sets forth OVC's policy clarification that victim eligibility for direct services is not dependent on the victim's immigration status. (As discussed in the Preamble.) Text: VOCA funds shall be available to sub-recipients only to provide direct services and supporting and administrative activities as set out in this subpart. SAAs shall ensure that VOCA sub-recipients obligate and expend funds in accordance with VOCA and this subpart. Sub-recipients must provide services to victims of federal crimes on the same basis as to victims of crimes under State or local law. Sub-recipients may provide direct services. Victim eligibility under this program for direct services is not dependent on the victim's immigration status.
Sub-Recipient Pro Recipient Program		nts: Cost of Services; Sub-	94.117 Cost of Services; Sub-Recipient Program Income	
Sub-Rec. Proj. Rqts.: Cost of Services; Sub- Recipient Program Income	Sect. IV(B)(12) No charge to Victims for VOCA- Funded Services	Requires sub-recipients to provide services to crime victims at no charge. Any deviation requires prior approval by the state grantee.	94.117(a) Cost of Services; 94.117(b) Consid. for a Waiver	Substantially the same. Maintains the requirement to provide services at no charge unless provided a waiver by the SAA. Text: (a) <i>Cost of services</i> . Sub-recipients shall provide VOCA-funded direct services at no charge, unless the SAA grants a waiver allowing the sub- recipient to generate program income by charging for services. Program income, where allowed, shall be subject to federal grant rules and the requirements of the DOJ Grants Financial Guide, which, as of July, 8, 2016, require in most cases that any program income be restricted to the same uses as the sub-award funds and expended during the grant period in which it is generated.

				(b) <i>Considerations for waiver</i> . In determining whether to grant a waiver under this section, the SAA should consider whether charging victims for services is consistent with the project's victim assistance objectives and whether the subrecipient is capable of effectively tracking program income in accordance with financial accounting requirements.
Sub-Recipient Pro Requirements	oject Requirem	ents: Project Match	94.118 Project	Match Requirements
Sub-Rec. Proj. Rqts.: Project Match Requirements	Sect. IV(B)(4) Program Match Reqts.	Requires a 20% program match; provides an exception for the U.S. territories (not including Puerto Rico); provides for a 5% match requirement for Native American tribes/organizations located on reservations. Provides for OVC to grant a waiver in certain circumstances.	94.118(a) – (f) Project Match Reqts.	Change from the Guidelines. Adds an exception to the match requirement for sub-recipients that are (1) federally recognized American Indian or Alaska Native tribes, or projects that operate on tribal lands; and (2) U.S. territories or possessions (except for Puerto Rico). Maintains the existing project match rules, requiring that sub-recipients provide a 20% project match, for all other sub-recipients. Provides for OVC to grant a waiver in certain circumstances. OVC does note that non-cash contributions-for example, professional services-may be counted as match. (As discussed in the Preamble.) Text: (a) Project match amount. Sub-recipients shall contribute (i.e., match) not less than twenty percent (cash or in-kind) of the total cost of each project, except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section. (b) Exceptions to project match requirement. The following are not subject to the requirement set forth in paragraph (a) of this section: (1) Sub-recipients that are federally-recognized American Indian or Alaska Native tribes, or projects that operate on tribal lands; (2) Sub-recipients that are federally-recognized American Indian or Alaska Native tribes, or projects that operate on tribal lands; (2) Sub-recipients that are territories or possessions of the United States (except for the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico), or projects that operate therein; and (3) Sub-recipients other than those described in paragraphs (b)(1) and (2) of this section, but the Director typically considers factors such as local resources, annual budget changes, past ability to provide match, and whether the funding is for new or additional activities requiring additional match versus continuing activities where match is already provided. (c) Sources of project match. Contributions under paragraph (a) of this

Sub-Recipient Allowable/Unallowable Costs: Allowable Direct Service Costs	94.119 Allowable Direct Service Costs
Sub-Recipient Allowable/Unallowable Costs	
	 section shall be derived from non-federal sources, except as may be provided in the DOJ Grants Financial Guide, and may include, but are not limited to, the following: (1) Cash; i.e., the value of direct funding for the project; (2) Volunteered professional or personal services, the value placed on which shall be consistent with the rate of compensation (which may include fringe benefits) paid for similar work in the program, but if the similar work is not performed in the program, the rate of compensation shall be consistent with the rate of compensation shall be consistent with the rate of compensation shall be consistent with the rate found in the labor market in which the program competes; (3) Materials/Equipment, but the value placed on lent or donated equipment shall not exceed its fair market value; (4) Space and facilities, the value placed on which shall not exceed the fair rental value of comparable space and facilities in a privately-owned building in the same locality; and (5) Non-VOCA funded victim assistance activities, including but not limited to, performing direct service, coordinating, or supervising those services, training victim assistance providers, or advocating for victims. (d) Discounts. Any reduction or discount provided to the sub-recipient shall be valued as the difference between what the sub-recipient paid and what the provider's nominal or fair market value is for the good or service. (e) Use of project match. Contributions under paragraph (a) of this section are restricted to the same uses, and timing deadlines for obligation and expenditure, as the project's VOCA funding. (f) Recordkeeping for project match. Each sub-recipient shall maintain records that clearly show the source and anount of the contributions were allocated. The basis for determining the value of personal services, materials, equipment, and space and facilities shall be documented. Volunteer services shall be substantiated by the sa

Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Allowable Direct Service Costs	Sect. IV(E) Services, Activities, and Costs at the Sub-rec. Level; IV(E)(3)(b)	Prohibits assistance for incarcerated victims. Prohibits indirect organizational costs at the sub-recipient level.	94.119 Allowable Direct Service Costs	 Change from the Guidelines. Allows services for incarcerated victims. But, most of these allowable costs (and the parameters under which the direct services may be provided) are essentially the same as those in the Guidelines. See the Preamble for additional guidance. Removes the prohibition on perpetrator rehabilitation and counseling. The rule does not require that services to incarcerated victims must be provided, or how such services should be provided, but merely removes the express prohibition on such services that existed in the Guidelines. States and VOCA funded sub-recipients may set eligibility criteria for their victim service projects, and thereby determine, in accordance with VOCA-funded projects and this rule, whether and how such victims might be served by VOCA-funded projects. The costs permitted for direct services to incarcerated victims are the same as those permitted for such services to any crime victim. Nothing in VOCA, or this final rule, allows VOCA funding to be diverted to "prison purposes;" rather, VOCA funding is expressly limited by statute to victim services and associated activities. VOCA funding is not subject to mandated reduction or reallocation for non-compliance under PREA. (As
Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Allowable Direct Service Costs: Immediate Emotional, Psychological, and Physical Health and Safety	Sect. IV(E)(1)(a) Immediate Health and Safety	Those services which respond to the immediate emotional and physical needs (excluding medical care) of crime victims such as crisis intervention; accompaniment to hospitals for medical examinations; hotline counseling; emergency food, clothing, transportation, and shelter (including emergency, short-term nursing home shelter for elder abuse victims for whom no other safe, short-term residence is available); and	94.119(a) Immediate Emotional, Psych., and Physical Health and Safety	discussed in the Preamable.)Change from the Guidelines. Adds safety planning as an allowable expense.Adds short-term (up to 45 days) in-home care and supervision services forchildren and adults who remain in their own homes when the offender/caregiver is removed.Clarifies that the time limit for short-term nursing-home, adult foster care, orgroup-home placement for adults whom no other safe, short-term residence isavailable, is for up to 45 days.Clarifies that service providers may pay certain emergency costs for medical andhealth care when other resources are not expected to be available in time to meetemergency victim needs.Adds as allowable costs the following, on an emergency basis (i.e., when the State's compensation program, the victim's (or in the case of a minor child, the

	Also allowable is emergency legal assistance such as filing restraining orders and obtaining emergency custody/visitation rights when such actions are directly connected to family violence cases and are taken to ensure the health and safety of the victim.	 including, but not limited to— (1) Crisis intervention services; (2) Accompanying victims to hospitals for medical examinations; (3) Hotline counseling; (4) Safety planning; (5) Emergency food, shelter, clothing, and transportation; (6) Short-term (up to 45 days) in-home care and supervision services for children and adults who remain in their own homes when the offender/caregiver is removed; (7) Short-term (up to 45 days) nursing-home, adult foster care, or grouphome placement for adults for whom no other safe, short-term residence is available; (8) Window, door, or lock replacement or repair, and other repairs necessary to ensure a victim's safety; (9) Costs of the following, on an emergency basis (i.e., when the State's compensation program, the victim's (or in the case of a minor child, the victim's parent's or guardian's) health insurance plan, Medicaid, or other health care funding source, is not reasonably expected to be available quickly enough to meet the emergency needs of a victim (typically within 48 hours of the crime): non-prescription and prescription medicine, prophylactic or other treatment to prevent HIV/AIDS infection or other infectious disease, durable medical equipment (such as wheel-chairs, crutches, hearing aids, eyeglasses), and other healthcare items are allowed; and
Unallowable S	Special practical problems created by	Advocacy

Costs, Allowable Direct Service Costs: Personal Advocacy and Emotional Support	Services	the victimization such as acting on behalf of the victim with other service providers, creditors, or employers.	and Emotional Support	Allows for personal advocacy and emotional support, including, but not limited to: Working with a victim to assess the impact of the crime; Identification of victim's needs; Case management; Management of practical problems created by the victimization; Identification of resources available to the victim; Provision of information, referrals, advocacy, and follow-up contact for continued services, as needed; and Traditional, cultural, and/or alternative therapy/healing (e.g., art therapy, yoga).
Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Allowable Direct Service Costs: Mental Health Counseling and Care	Sect. IV(D)(2) Inelig. Rec. of VOCA Funds, In-Patient Treatment Facilities; IV(E)(1)(b) Mental Health Asst.; IV(E)(3)(h) Most Medical Costs	Allows for mental health assistance, which is those services and activities that assist the primary and secondary victims of crime in understanding the dynamics of victimization and in stabilizing their lives after a victimization such as counseling, group treatment, and therapy. Substance- abuse treatment not included. Prohibits in-patient treatment costs.	94.119(c) Mental Health Counseling and Care	Change from the Guidelines. Lists substance abuse treatment as a specific allowable expense. Allows for mental health counseling and care, including, but not limited to, out-patient therapy/counseling (including, but not limited to, substance-abuse treatment so long as the treatment is directly related to the victimization) provided by a person who meets professional standards to provide these services in the jurisdiction in which care is administered.
Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Allowable Direct Service Costs: Peer- Support	Sect. IV(E) Services, Activities, and Costs at the Sub-rec. Level	Not included.	94.119(d) Peer-Support	 Change from the Guidelines. Adds peer support as a specific allowable direct service costs. Allows for peer-support, including, but not limited to, activities that provide opportunities for victims to meet other victims, share experiences, and provide self-help, information, and emotional support.
Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Allowable Direct Service Costs: Facilitation of Participation in Criminal	Sect. IV(E)(1)(c) Assistance With Partic. in Criminal Justice Procds.; IV(E)(1)(f)	Allows costs associated with helping victims participate in the criminal justice system. Such costs include advocacy on behalf of crime victims; accompaniment to criminal justice offices and court; transportation to court; child	94.119(e) Facilitation of Partic. in Criminal Justice and Other Public Proceedings Arising From	Change from the Guidelines. Expands the authority to allow service providers to facilitate victim participation in any public proceedings arising from the crime (e.g., juvenile justice hearings; probation, parole, pardon proceedings; grievance procedures; and sexual predator civil commitment proceedings), not merely criminal justice proceedings. Text: The provision of services and payment of costs that help victims participate in the criminal justice system and in other public proceedings

Justice and Other Public Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Allowable Direct Service Costs: Proceedings Arising From the Crime	Special Services	care or respite care to enable a victim to attend court; notification of victims regarding trial dates, case disposition information, and parole consideration procedures; and assistance with victim impact statements.	the Crime	 arising from the crime (<i>e.g.,</i> juvenile justice hearings, civil commitment proceedings), including, but not limited to— (1) Advocacy on behalf of a victim; (2) Accompanying a victim to offices and court; (3) Transportation, meals, and lodging to allow a victim who is not a witness to participate in a proceeding; (4) Interpreting for a non-witness victim who is deaf or hard of hearing, or with limited English proficiency; (5) Providing child care and respite care to enable a victim who is a caregiver to attend activities related to the proceeding;
				 (6) Notification to victims regarding key proceeding dates (<i>e.g.</i>, trial dates, case disposition, incarceration, and parole hearings); (7) Assistance with Victim Impact Statements; (8) Assistance in recovering property that was retained as evidence; and (9) Assistance with restitution advocacy on behalf of crime victims.
Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Allowable Direct Service Costs: Legal Assistance	Sect. IV(E)(1)(a) Imm. Health and Safety; IV(E)(1)(c) Assistance With Partic. in Criminal Justice	Allows for emergency legal assistance such as filing restraining orders and obtaining emergency custody/visitation rights to ensure the health and safety of the victim. <i>Prohibits the use of VOCA</i>	94.119(f) Legal Assistance	Change from the Guidelines. Allows for legal assistance services on non- emergency and emergency basis where reasonable and where the need for such services arises as a direct result of the victimization. Broadly drafted to include legal assistance with victim-related family law matters and other non- tort legal services in a civil context. Such non-tort, civil legal services include, but are not limited to, assistance in divorce, and child custody and support proceedings. Prohibits those costs for criminal defense and tort lawsuits. (As discussed in the Preamble.)
	Procds.	funds for non-emergency legal representation such as for divorce or civil restitution recovery efforts.		Examples (not meant to be a comprehensive listing) of some circumstances where civil legal services may be appropriate: Proceedings for protective/restraining orders or campus administrative protection/stay-away orders; family, custody, housing, and dependency matters, particularly for victims of intimate partner violence, child abuse, sexual assault, elder abuse, and human trafficking; immigration assistance for victims of human trafficking, sexual assault, and domestic violence; intervention with creditors, law enforcement (e.g., to obtain police reports), and other entities on behalf of victims of identity theft and financial fraud; intervention with administrative agencies, schools/colleges, tribal entities, and other circumstances where legal advice or intervention would assist in addressing the consequences of a person's victimization. VOCA funds may also be used to allow victims to file a motion to vacate and/or expunge certain convictions based on their status of being a victims.

Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Allowable Direct Service Costs: Forensic Medical Evidence Collection Examinations	Sect. IV(E)(1)(d) Forensic Exams.; IV(E)(3)(h) Non- Allowable Costs and Activities, Most Medical Costs	VOCA funds can only be used for forensic medical exams ONLY for sexual assault victims. Permits forensic exams as allowable costs for sexual assault victims only to the extent that other funding sources are unavailable or insufficient, and such exams conform with state evidentiary collection requirements. Sub-recipients are also encouraged to use specially trained examiners such as Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners.	94.119(g) Forensic Medical Evidence Collection Exams.	States retain broad discretion to set limits on the type and scope of legal services that it allows its sub-recipients to provide with VOCA funding. See 94.119(a)(10) for allowable emergency legal assistance. Text: Legal assistance services (including, but not limited to, those provided on an emergency basis), where reasonable and where the need for such services arises as a direct result of the victimization. Such services include, but are not limited to— (1) Those (other than criminal defense) that help victims assert their rights as victims in a criminal proceeding directly related to the victimization, or otherwise protect their safety, privacy, or other interests as victims in such a proceeding; (2) Motions to vacate or expunge a conviction, or similar actions, where the jurisdiction permits such a legal action based on a person's being a crime victim; and (3) Those actions (other than tort actions) that, in the civil context, are reasonably necessary as a direct result of the victimization. Allows forensic medical evidence collection examinations to the extent that other funding sources are insufficient. <i>Change from the Guidelines. Does not require examinations to meet State standards, but encourages sub-recipients to use specially trained examiners such as Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners to perform these exams. Encourages, rather than mandates, that crisis counseling or other services be offered in conjunction with the examination. (As discussed in the Preamble.)</i> Text: Forensic medical evidence collection examinations for victims to the extent that other funding sources such as State appropriations are insufficient. Forensic medical evidence collection examinations for victims to the extent that other funding sources such as State appropriations are insufficient. Forensic medical evidence collection examinations for victims to the extent that other funding sources such as state appropriations are insufficient. Forensic medical evidence collection examiners are encouraged to follow relevant guidelines or
Sub. Rec. Allowable/	Sect. IV(E)(1)	Not included.	94.119(h) Forensic	Change from the Guidelines. Allows for forensic interviews and sets forth parameters.
Unallowable Costs, Allowable Direct Service Costs: Forensic	Allowable Costs for Direct Services		Interviews	Forensic interviews, with the following parameters: (1) Results of the interview will be used not only for law enforcement and prosecution purposes, but also for identification of needs such as social
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Interviews				 services, personal advocacy, case management, substance abuse treatment, and mental health services; (2) Interviews are conducted in the context of a multi-disciplinary investigation and diagnostic team, or in a specialized setting such as a child advocacy center; and (3) The interviewer is trained to conduct forensic interviews appropriate to the developmental age and abilities of children, or the developmental, cognitive, and physical or communication disabilities presented by adults.
Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Allowable Direct Service Costs: Transportation	Sect. IV(E)(1)(e) Costs Nec. and Essent. to Providing Dir. Services	Allows for transportation costs for victims to receive services and <i>emergency transportation</i> <i>costs</i> that enable a victim to participate in the criminal justice system.	94.119(i) Transp.	 Change from the Guidelines. Does not require for it to be "emergency transportation costs" that enable a victim to participate in the criminal justice system. Transportation of victims to receive services and to participate in criminal justice proceedings.
Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Allowable Direct Service Costs: Public	Sect. IV(E)(2)(h) Operating Costs; IV(E)(2)(k) Public	Allows for operating costs such as brochures which describe available services and books and other victim- related materials.	94.119(j) Public Awareness	Change from the Guidelines. Rewords the language stating that the materials are designed to "inform" crime victims of specific rights and services (instead of the wording in the Guidelines to "identify" crime victims) and provide them with (or refer them to) services and assistance (instead of "needed" services as in the Guidelines).
Awareness	Present.	Allows for public presentations that are made in schools, community centers or other public forums, and that are designed to identify crime victims and provide or refer them to needed services.		Text: Public awareness and education presentations (including, but not limited to, the development of presentation materials, brochures, newspaper notices, and public service announcements) in schools, community centers, and other public forums that are designed to inform crime victims of specific rights and services and provide them with (or refer them to) services and assistance.
Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Allowable Direct Service	Sect. IV(E)(1) Allowable Costs For Direct	Not included.	94.119(k) Transitional Housing	Change from the Guidelines. Adds expenses typically associated with transitional housing as allowable expenses. Text: Subject to any restrictions or limitations set by the SAA, permits transitional housing for victims (generally, those who have a particular need

Costs: Transitional Housing Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Allowable Direct Service Costs: Relocation	Services Sect. IV(E)(3)(i) Non- Allowable Costs and Activities, Relocation Expenses	Prohibits relocation expenses such as moving expenses, security deposits on housing, ongoing rent, and mortgage payments.	94.119(I) Relocation	for such housing, and who cannot safely return to their previous housing, due to the circumstances of their victimization), including, but not limited to, travel, rental assistance, security deposits, utilities, and other costs incidental to the relocation to such housing, as well as voluntary support services such as childcare and counseling. OVC views transitional housing as a necessary victim expense for some victims. This is particularly true for victims of human trafficking, victims with disabilities abused by caretakers, domestic violence victims and their dependents, and sexual assault victims. Under the Rule, States may use VOCA funds for housing and shelter purposes to the extent that such is necessary as a consequence of the victimization and for the well-being of the victim. For example, shelters for victims of domestic violence or human trafficking would be allowable uses of VOCA funds. It would also be allowable in the case of sexual assault, where a victim needs to move. The Rule merely allows States to fund this activity; it does not require it. See the Preamble for additional guidance. <i>Change from the Guidelines. Adds relocation expenses as an allowable</i> <i>expense. Note, while relocation expenses are allowable, mortgage expenses</i> <i>are not. (As discussed in the Preamble.)</i> Text: Subject to any restrictions on amount, length of time, and eligible crimes, set by the SAA, relocation of victims (generally, where necessary for the safety and well-being of a victim), including, but not limited to, reasonable moving expenses, security deposits on housing, rental expenses, and utility
•	-	vable Costs: Allowable Costs	94.120 Allowa	startup costs. ble Costs for Activities Supporting Direct Services
for Activities Supp	orting Direct Se	ervices		
Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Allowable Costs for Activ. Supp. Dir. Srvcs.	Sect. IV(E)(1) Allowable Costs for Direct Services; IV(E)(2) Other	Provides examples of allowable supporting activities. Requires that before these costs that are generally not considered direct crime victim services, but are often a	94.120	Change from the Guidelines. Removes the limiting language from the Guidelines regarding the use of VOCA funds for activities and costs that are "generally not considered direct crime victim services, but are often a necessary and essential activity to ensure that quality direct service are provided" and merely just states, "Supporting activities for which VOCA funds may be used include, but are not limited to, the following [provisions below]." Provides a non-exclusive list of allowable supporting activities.

Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Allowable Costs for Activ. Supp. Dir. Srvcs.: Coordination of Activities	Allowable Costs and Services Sect. IV(E)(1) Allowable Costs for Direct Services; IV(E)(2) Other Allowable Costs and Services	necessary and essential activity to ensure that quality direct services are provided can be supported with VOCA funds, the state grantee and sub-recipient must agree that direct services to crime victims cannot be offered without support for these expenses; that the sub-recipient has no other source of support for them; and that only limited amounts of VOCA funds will be used for these purposes. Not included.	94.120(a) Coord. of Activities	Change from the Guidelines. Adds coordination activities as an allowable supporting activity. Allows for coordination activities that facilitate the provision of direct services. Such activities include, but are not limited to, State-wide coordination of victim notification systems, crisis response teams, multi-disciplinary teams, coalitions to support and assist victims, and such other programs, and salaries and expenses of such coordination. The Rule provides States with additional flexibility, but does not mandate that States reallocate funding. These are allowable expenses as stand-alone projects or part of a direct service project. If they are funded as stand-alone activities, however, they should be activities that leverage resources for direct victim services (e.g., a stand-alone project to train volunteers may make more volunteers available to provide
Sub. Rec.	Sect.	Allows payment for expenses	94.120(b)	direct services). (As discussed in the Preamble.) Substantially the same.
Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Allowable Costs for Activ. Supp. Dir. Srvcs.: Supervision of	IV(E)(2)(i) Superv. of Direct Service Providers	for the supervision of direct service providers when the State grantee determines that such supervision is necessary and essential to providing direct services to crime	Supervision of Direct Providers	Allows for the payment of salaries and expenses of supervisory staff in a project, when the SAA determines that such staff are necessary and effectively facilitate the provision of direct services.

Direct Service		victims.		
Providers				
Sub. Rec.	Sect.	Prohibits costs and activities	94.120(c)	Change from the Guidelines. Removes the prohibition and allows for multi-
Allowable/	IV(E)(3)(k)	which include the	Multi-	system, interagency, multi-disciplinary response to crime victim needs as an
Unallowable	Non-	development of protocols,	System,	allowable supporting activity.
Costs, Allowable	Allowable	Interagency Agreements, and	Interagency,	
Costs for Activ.	Costs and	other working agreements.	Multi-	Text: Activities that support a coordinated and comprehensive response to
Supp. Dir. Srvcs.:	Activities,		Disciplinary	crime victims needs by direct service providers, including, but not limited to,
Multi-System,	Develop. of		Response to	payment of salaries and expenses of direct service staff serving on child and
Interagency,	Protocols		Crime Victim	adult abuse multi-disciplinary investigation and treatment teams, coordination
Multi-Disciplinary			Needs	with federal agencies to provide services to victims of federal crimes and/or
Response to				participation on Statewide or other task forces, work groups, and committees
Crime Victim				to develop protocols, interagency, and other working agreements.
Needs				
Sub. Rec.	Sect.	States that VOCA funds	94.120(d)	Change from the Guidelines. Allows sub-recipients to contract for professional
Allowable/	IV(E)(2)(g)	generally should not be used	Contracts for	services not available within the sub-recipient organization. The rate is not to
Unallowable	Contracts	to support contract services,	Professional	exceed a reasonable market rate and the services are ones that are not
Costs, Allowable	for Prof.	but provides examples where	Services	available within the organization.
Costs for Activ.	Services	it may be necessary.		
Supp. Dir. Srvcs.:				Text: Contracting for specialized professional services (e.g.,
Contracts for		Text: VOCA funds generally		psychological/psychiatric consultation, legal services, interpreters), at a rate
Professional		should not be used to support		not to exceed a reasonable market rate, that are not available within the
Services		contract services. At times,		organization.
		however, it may be necessary		
		for VOCA sub-recipients to use		
		a portion of the VOCA grant to		
		contract for specialized		
		services. Examples of these		
		services include assistance in		
		filing restraining orders or		
		establishing emergency		
		custody/visitation rights (the		
		provider must have a		
		demonstrated history of		
		advocacy on behalf of		
		domestic violence victims);		
		forensic examinations on a		
		sexual assault victim		

Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Allowable Costs for Activ. Supp. Dir. Srvcs.:	Sect. IV(E)(2)(f) Advanced Techn.	 to the extent that other funding sources are unavailable or insufficient; emergency psychological or psychiatric services; or sign and/or interpretation for the deaf or for crime victims whose primary language is not English. Sub-recipients are prohibited from using a majority of VOCA funds for contracted services, which contain administrative, overhead, and other indirect costs included in the hourly or daily rate. Permits grants for advanced technologies and sets forth requirements such as VOCA sub-recipients must describe how the computer equipment will enhance services to crime 	94.120(e) Automated Systems and Technology	Substantially the same. Expands the examples of automated technologies. Makes such costs subject to the provisions of the DOJ Grants Financial Guide and government-wide grant rules. <i>Does not mention the costs of property</i> <i>insurance</i> . Text: Subject to the provisions of the DOJ Grants Financial Guide and
Automated Systems and Technology		victims and how it will be integrated into and/or enhance the sub-recipient's current system. Property insurance is an allowable expense as long as VOCA funds support a		government-wide grant rules relating to acquisition, use and disposition of property purchased with federal funds, procuring automated systems and technology that support delivery of direct services to victims (e.g., automated information and referral systems, e-mail systems that allow communications among victim service providers, automated case-tracking and management systems, smartphones, computer equipment, and victim notification systems), including, but not limited to, procurement of personnel, hardware, and other items, as determined by the SAA after considering—
		prorated share of the costs of the insurance payments.		 (1) Whether such procurement will enhance direct services; (2) How any acquisition will be integrated into and/or enhance the program's current system; (3) The cost of installation; (4) The cost of training staff to use the automated systems and technology; (5) The ongoing operational costs, such as maintenance agreements, supplies; and

				(6) How additional costs relating to any acquisition will be supported.
Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Allowable Costs for Activ. Supp. Dir. Srvcs.: Volunteer Trainings	Sect. IV(E)(1)(g) Personnel costs; IV(E)(2)(a) Skills Training for Staff	Permits personnel costs such as the cost of training paid and volunteer staff. VOCA funds designated for training are to be used exclusively for developing the skills of direct service providers including paid staff and volunteers.	94.120(f) Volunteer Trainings	Substantially the same. Permits activities in support of training volunteers on how to provide direct services when such services will be provided primarily by volunteers.
Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Allowable Costs for Activ. Supp. Dir. Srvcs.: Restorative Justice	Sect. IV(E)(1)(h) Restorative Justice	Allows for opportunities for crime victims to meet with perpetrators, if such meetings are requested or voluntarily agreed to by the victim and <i>have possible beneficial or</i> <i>therapeutic value</i> to the victim. VOCA assistance funds cannot be used for victim-offender meetings which serve to replace criminal justice proceedings.	94.120(g) Restorative Justice	Change from the Guidelines. Replaces "possible" beneficial or therapeutic value to crime victims with "reasonably anticipated beneficial or therapeutic value." Provides that a victim's opportunity to withdraw must be inherent in any restorative justice effort supported by program funds (the Guidelines merely included this as one of several criteria that SAAs should consider when deciding whether to fund such efforts). The Guidelines included as another criteria the benefit or therapeutic value to the victim while the final rule requires that SAAs also consider the costs in relation to the benefit or therapeutic value to the victim while the final rule requires that SAAs also consider the costs in relation to the benefit or therapeutic value to the victim. Clarifies that tribal-community led meetings and peace-keeping activities are allowable expenses. (As discussed in the Preamble.) Text: Activities in support of opportunities for crime victims to meet with perpetrators, including, but not limited to, tribal community-led meetings and peacekeeping activities, if such meetings are requested or voluntarily agreed to by the victim (who may, at any point, withdraw) and have reasonably anticipated beneficial or therapeutic value to discuss proposals with OVC prior to awarding VOCA funds for this type of activity. At a minimum, the following should be considered— (1) The safety and security of the victim; (2) The cost versus the benefit or therapeutic value to the victim; (3) The procedures for ensuring that participation of the victim and offenders are voluntary and that the nature of the meeting is clear; (4) The provision of appropriate support and accompaniment for the victim;

Sub-Recipient Allo Recipient Adminis		vable Costs: Allowable Sub-	94.121 Allowa	 (5) Appropriate debriefing opportunities for the victim after the meeting; and (6) The credentials of the facilitators.
Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Allowable Sub-Rec. Admin. Costs	Sect. IV(E) Services, Activities, and Costs at the Sub-rec. Level		94.121 Allowable Sub- Recipient Admin. Costs	Substantially the same. Provides examples of authorized administrative costs. The list is non-inclusive. Adds training and training-related travel for non-VOCA funded service provider staff as an allowable expense. See 94.121(c). Includes certain additional items (e.g., costs of websites, social media, and mobile devices) in the examples of allowable expenses. See 94.121(f).
Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Allowable Sub-Rec. Admin. Costs: Personnel Costs	Sect. IV(E)(1)(g) Personnel Costs	Permits costs that are directly related to providing direct services, such as staff salaries and fringe benefits, including malpractice insurance; the cost of advertising to recruit VOCA-funded personnel; and the cost of training paid and volunteer staff.	94.121(a) Personnel Costs	Substantially the same. Allows for personnel costs that are directly related to providing direct services and supporting activities, such as staff and coordinator salaries expenses (including fringe benefits), and a prorated share of liability insurance.
Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Allowable Sub-Rec. Admin. Costs: Skills Training for Staff	Sect. IV(E)(2)(a) Skills Training for Staff	VOCA funds designated for training are to be used exclusively for developing the skills of direct service providers including paid staff and volunteers. VOCA funds can be used to purchase training materials such as books and training manuals. (See sect. IV(E)(2)(b) Training materials) VOCA funds can be used for training both VOCA-funded and non-VOCA-funded service	94.121(b) Skills Training for Staff	Substantially the same. Combines skills training for staff and training materials (see sect. IV(E)(2)(b) of the Guidelines) into one section. Text: Training exclusively for developing the skills of direct service providers, including paid staff and volunteers (both VOCA-funded and not), so that they are better able to offer quality direct services, including, but not limited to, manuals, books, videoconferencing, electronic training resources, and other materials and resources relating to such training.

Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Allowable Sub-Rec. Admin. Costs: Training Related Travel	Sect. IV(E)(2)(c) Training Related Travel	providers who work within a VOCA recipient organization, but VOCA funds cannot be used for management and administrative training for executive directors, board members, and other individuals that do not provide direct services. Permits expenses such as travel, meals, lodging, and registration fees to attend training within the state or a similar geographical area. However, when needed training is unavailable within the immediate geographical area, state grantees may authorize using VOCA funds to support training outside of the geographical area.	94.121(c) Training- Related Travel	Substantially the same, but clarifies this section applies to VOCA-funded and non-VOCA-funded staff. Training-related costs such as travel (in-State, regional, and national), meals, lodging, and registration fees for paid direct-service staff (both VOCA-funded and not).
Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Allowable Sub-Rec. Admin. Costs: Organizational Expenses	Sect. IV(E)(1)(e) Costs Necessary and Essential	Allows for costs <i>necessary and</i> <i>essential to providing direct</i> <i>services</i> , such as pro-rated costs of rent, telephone service, transportation costs for victims to receive services, emergency transportation costs that enable a victim to participate in the criminal justice system, and local travel expenses for service providers.	94.121(d) Organiz. Expenses	Change from the Guidelines. Not only allows for costs necessary and essential to providing direct services, but also other allowable victim services. Adds examples of such costs, including minor adaptations to comply with the ADA and/or improve the program's ability to provide services to victims. The list of examples is non-inclusive. Also, see section 94.122(e), Capital Expenses, removing the prohibition against indirect organizational costs. Text: Organizational expenses that are necessary and essential to providing direct services and other allowable victim services, including, but not limited to, the prorated costs of rent; utilities; local travel expenses for service providers; and required minor building adaptations necessary to meet DOJ standards implementing the Americans with Disabilities Act and/or modifications that would improve the program's ability to provide services to victims.
Sub. Rec. Allowable/	Sect. IV(E)2)(d)	Allows for the purchase of furniture and equipment that	94.121(e) Equipment	Change from the Guidelines. Replaces the language "that provides or enhances direct services" to "that facilitate the delivery of direct services." Removes the

Unallowable Costs, Allowable Sub-Rec. Admin. Costs: Equipment and Furniture Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Allowable Sub-Rec. Admin. Costs: Operating Costs	Equipment and Furniture Sect. IV(E)(2)(h) Operating Costs	 provides or enhances direct services to crime victims, as demonstrated by the VOCA sub-recipient. VOCA funds can support a prorated share of such an item. Sub-recipients cannot use VOCA funds to purchase equipment for another organization or individual to perform a victim-related service. Provides examples of allowable operating costs such as supplies and equipment use fees. Allows for administrative time to complete certain tasks. 	and Furniture 94.121(f) Operating Costs	 language "subrecipients cannot use VOCA funds to purchase equipment for another organization or individual to perform a victim-related service." Expands the examples of allowable expenses. Still requires the VOCA grant be charged a prorated share. Allows for expenses of procuring furniture and equipment that facilitate the delivery of direct services (e.g., mobile communication devices, telephones, braille and TTY/TDD equipment, computers and printers, beepers, video cameras and recorders for documenting and reviewing interviews with children, two-way mirrors, colposcopes, digital cameras, and equipment and furniture for shelters, work spaces, victim waiting rooms, and children's play areas), except that the VOCA grant may be charged only the prorated share of an item that is not used exclusively for victim-related activities. Substantially the same. Places administrative time to complete certain tasks in a new section (see sect. 94.121(g), VOCA Administrative Time). Operating costs include but are not limited to— (1) Supplies; (2) Equipment use fees; (3) Property insurance; (4) Printing, photocopying, and postage; (5) Courier service; (6) Brochures that describe available services; (7) Books and other victim-related materials; (8) Computer backup files/tapes and storage; (9) Security systems;
				 (10) Design and maintenance of websites and social media; and (11) Essential communication services, such as web hosts and mobile device services.
Sub. Rec.	Sect.	VOCA funds may support	94.121(g)	Change from the Guidelines. Adds needs assessment and victim satisfaction
Allowable/	IV(E)(2)(h)	administrative time to	VOCA Admin.	surveys as an allowable expense. (Prohibited under sect. IV(E)(3)(c) of the
Unallowable	Operating	complete VOCA-required time and attendance sheets and	Time	Guidelines.)
			1	
Costs, Allowable	Costs; $V(F)(2)(c)$			Moves administrative costs for VOCA administrative time to its own section. It
Costs, Allowable Sub-Rec. Admin.	IV(E)(3)(c)	programmatic documentation,		Moves administrative costs for VOCA administrative time to its own section. It
Costs, Allowable Sub-Rec. Admin. Costs: VOCA	IV(E)(3)(c) Needs	programmatic documentation, reports and statistics;		was previously in the "Operating Costs" section of the Guidelines. See sect.
Costs, Allowable Sub-Rec. Admin.	IV(E)(3)(c)	programmatic documentation,		

Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Allowable Sub-Rec. Admin. Costs: Leasing or Purchasing Vehicles	Studies Sect. IV(E)(2)(e) Purchasing or Leasing Vehicles	share of audit costs. Prohibits needs assessments, surveys, evaluations, and studies. Allows for the purchase or lease of vehicles if the vehicle is essential to delivering services to crime victims.	94.121(h) Leasing or Purchasing Vehicles	 (1) Completing VOCA-required time and attendance sheets and programmatic documentation, reports, and statistics; (2) Collecting and maintaining crime victims' records; (3) Conducting victim satisfaction surveys and needs assessments to improve victim services delivery in the project; and (4) Funding the prorated share of audit costs. Substantially the same. Allows for the costs of leasing or purchasing vehicles, as determined by the SAA after considering, <i>at a minimum</i> , if the vehicle is essential to the provision of direct services.
Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Allowable Sub-Rec. Admin. Costs: Maintenance, Repair, or Replacement of Essential Items	Sect. IV(E)(2)(j) Repair and/or Repl. of Essential Items	Allows for the repair and/or replacement of items that contribute to maintaining a healthy and/or safe environment for crime victims, such as a furnace in a shelter. Sets forth requirements such as all other sources of funding have been exhausted, there is not available option for providing in another location, and that the building or vehicle is owned by the sub-recipient organization and not rented or leased.	94.121(i) Maint., Repair, or Repl. of Essential Items	Change from the Guidelines. Does not list all of the requirements from the Guidelines for an SAA to consider, but instead only requires the SAA to consider, at a minimum, if other sources of funding are available. Text: Costs of maintenance, repair, and replacement of items that contribute to maintenance of a healthy or safe environment for crime victims (such as a furnace in a shelter; and routine maintenance, repair costs, and automobile insurance for leased vehicles), as determined by the SAA after considering, at a minimum, if other sources of funding are available.
Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Allowable Sub-Rec. Admin. Costs: Project Evaluation	Sect. IV(E)(3)(c) Needs Asmt., Sur., Eval., Studies	Prohibits costs for needs assessments, surveys, evaluations, and studies.	94.121(j) Project Evaluation	Change from the Guidelines. Removes the prohibition for evaluation costs and permits costs of evaluations of specific projects (in order to determine their effectiveness), within the limits set by the SAA. The Rule does not prevent SAAs from capping such costs (on a State-wide or project-by-project basis, as appropriate), or limiting such costs to amounts that are reasonable given State goals and funding constraints. As discussed in the Preamble.

				See the prohibition on other research and studies in sect. 94.122(b), Research and Studies.
•	Sub-Recipient Allowable/Unallowable Costs: Expressly Unallowable Sub-Recipient Costs		94.122 Express	sly Unallowable Sub-Recipient Costs
Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Expressly Unallowable Sub- Recipient Costs	Sect. IV(E)(3) Non- Allowable Costs and Activities	 Prohibits the use of VOCA funds for perpetrator rehabilitation and counseling. Prohibits indirect organizational costs. Liability insurance on buildings and body guards (which OVC understands to mean security guards) are not allowable. 	94.122	Most of the provisions are the same as in the Guidelines. With the following exceptions (as discussed in the Preamble): Perpetrator rehabilitation and counseling: the prohibition in the Guidelines against the use of VOCA funds for perpetrator rehabilitation and counseling has been removed to permit VOCA-funded service providers to provide victim assistance services to victims who are incarcerated. Victim attendance at conferences: Has been removed from the list of unallowable costs. Purchasing vehicles: Has been removed from the list of unallowable costs. States now have the discretion to allow sub-recipients to lease or purchase vehicles. Indirect organizational costs: Has removed the provision that prohibited sub- recipients from using VOCA funds for certain organizational costs. Removes liability insurance on buildings and body guards (which OVC understands to mean security guards) from the list of unallowable costs.
Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Expr. Unallowable Sub- Rec. Costs: Lobbying Sub. Rec.	Sect. IV(E)(3)(a) Lobbying and Admin. Adv. Sect.	Prohibits the use of VOCA funds to support victim legislation or administrative reform, whether conducted directly or indirectly.	94.122(a) Lobbying 94.122(b)	Substantially the same. Prohibits lobbying or advocacy activities with respect to legislation or to administrative changes to regulation or administrative policy (cf. 18 U.S.C. 1913), whether conducted directly or indirectly.
Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Expr. Unallowable Sub- Rec. Costs:	Sect. IV(E)(3)(c) Needs Asmt., Surv.,Eval., Studies	individuals, task forces, or special commissions to study and/or research particular crime victim issues.	94.122(b) Research and Studies	project evaluation under section 94.121(j), Project Evaluation.

Research and				
Studies	Cont	Duchikite estivities that are	04 122/2)	Cubatentially the same. Dushibits the estive investigation and presses tion of
Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Expr. Unallowable Sub- Rec. Costs: Active Investigation and Prosecution of Criminal Activities	Sect. IV(E)(3)(d) Prosecution Activities	Prohibits activities that are directed at prosecuting an offender and/or improving the criminal justice system's effectiveness and efficiency. This includes victim witness protection costs and subsequent lodging and meal expenses.	94.122(c) Active Invest. and Prosecution of Criminal Activities	Substantially the same. Prohibits the active investigation and prosecution of criminal activity, except for the provision of victim assistance services (e.g., emotional support, advocacy, and legal services) to crime victims, under section 94.119, Allowable Direct Service Costs, during such investigation and prosecution.
Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Expr. Unallowable Sub- Rec. Costs: Fundraising	Sect. IV(E)(3)(e) Fund. Activities	Prohibits fundraising activities.	94.122(d) Fundraising	Substantially the same. Prohibits any activities related to fundraising, except for fee-based, or similar, program income authorized by the SAA under the Rule.
Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Expr. Unallowable Sub- Rec. Costs: Capital Expenses	Sect. IV(E)(3)(f) Indirect Organ. Costs	Prohibits indirect organizational costs such as the costs of liability insurance on buildings; capital improvements; security guards and body guards; property losses and expenses; real estate purchases; mortgage payments; and construction.	94.122(e) Capital Expenses	 Change from the Guidelines. Has removed the provision that prohibited subrecipients from using VOCA funds for certain organizational costs. Also, see section 94.121(d), Organizational Expenses, and the Preamble. Text: Capital improvements; property losses and expenses; real estate purchases; mortgage payments; and construction (except as specifically allowed elsewhere in this subpart).
Sub. Rec. Allowable/ Unallowable Costs, Expr. Unallowable Sub- Rec. Costs: Compensation for Victims of	Sect. IV(E)(3)(g) Property Loss	Prohibits reimbursing crime victims for expenses incurred as a result of a crime such as insurance deductibles, replacement of stolen property, funeral expenses, lost wages, and medical bills.	94.122(f) Comp. for Victims of Crime	Prohibits reimbursement of crime victims for expenses incurred as a result of a crime, except as otherwise allowed by other provisions of the Rule.

Crime				
Sub. Rec.	Sect.	VOCA funds cannot pay for	94.122(g)	Substantially the same. Prohibits medical care, except as otherwise allowed by
Allowable/	IV(E)(3)(h)	nursing home care	Medical Care	other provisions in the Rule. See the forensic exams section.
Unallowable	Most	(emergency short-term		
Costs, Expr.	Medical	nursing home shelter is		
Unallowable Sub-	Costs	allowable), home healthcare		
Rec. Costs:		costs, in-patient treatment		
Medical Care		costs, hospital care, and other		
		types of emergency and non-		
		emergency medical and/or		
		dental treatment.		
		VOCA funds cannot support		
		medical costs resulting from a		
		victimization, except for		
		forensic medical examinations		
		for sexual assault victims.		
Sub. Rec.	Sect.	Prohibits salaries, fees, and	94.122(h)	Substantially the same. Prohibits expenses for salaries, benefits, fees,
Allowable/	IV(E)(3)(j)	reimbursable expenses	Salaries and	furniture, equipment, and other expenses of executive board directors, board
Unallowable	Admin. Staff	associated with	Expenses of	members, and other administrators (except as specifically allowed elsewhere
Costs, Expr.	Expenses	administrators, board	Managmnt.	in the Rule).
Unallowable Sub-		members, executive directors,		
Rec. Costs:		consultants, coordinators, and		
Salaries and		other individuals unless these		
Expenses of		expenses are incurred while		
Management		providing direct services to		
		crime victims.		