Victims of Crime Act
Hospital-Based Violence Intervention
Grant Program

Program Guidelines and Application Procedures
Fiscal Years 2020 and 2021

Application Due Date
Thursday, April 4, 2019

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I. Introduction, Eligibility, and Purpose

Interpersonal violence has long been viewed as public health issue. In order to address the devastating consequences of violence, hospitals in high-violence areas have seen tremendous success after implementing hospital-based violence intervention programs (HVIPs). The HVIP model can significantly improve patient outcomes by reducing incidents of re-injury and retaliation. Studies suggest that HVIPs can result in decreased costs associated with healthcare and criminal justice expenses.

These Victims of Crime Act (VOCA) Hospital-Based Violence Intervention Grant Program guidelines and application procedures provide detailed guidance to aid applicants in determining eligibility, developing itemized budgets and budget narratives, and completing other related forms. Using the guidance presented in this document, applicants should be able to efficiently and effectively prepare complete applications.

With this grant program, the Virginia Department of Criminal Justice Services (DCJS) seeks to establish programs within hospitals to provide services to victims of violent crime with the goal of reducing future incidences of violence-related injuries and homicides. It is anticipated that funding will be awarded to one statewide organization to coordinate the establishment or enhancement of HVIP projects in multiple hospital locations. The recipient will coordinate all aspects of the HVIP project, including coordinating project establishment in hospitals through sub-contracts, providing orientation and training to project staff, and evaluating program implementation. In addition, the recipient will ensure that match requirements are met, VOCA reporting is completed, and project evaluation components are included. In addition to VOCA-required reporting, grant recipients will be required to provide periodic program updates, periodic evaluations of the HVIPs, and a final report on how HVIPs can be sustained in Virginia, if shown to be effective.

Crime-Related Injuries in Virginia

In 2017, there were 18,645 violent crimes reported in Virginia, including 455 homicides.1 In 2016, there were 1,035 reported hospitalizations due to assault-related injuries, resulting in $75,528,898 in hospital charges.2 The average length of stay of these hospitalizations was 5.84 days, with a median length of stay of 3.0 days.3 Between 2014 and 2016, gun-related homicides resulted in an estimated $645 million in healthcare costs, employer costs, lost wages, and criminal justice expenses.4

Studies show that without a multidisciplinary approach like hospital-based intervention program, 44% of survivors of violence who receive hospital medical care will return with another injury within five years and one in five of these patients will die from homicide.5

Hospital-Based Violence Intervention Program Model

The HVIP model recognizes violence as a public health concern and recognizes the role that hospitals can play in reducing injury and recidivism by identifying risk issues and providing appropriate patient

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3 Virginia Online Injury Reporting System.
4 Giffords Law Center to Prevent Gun Violence, using a model published in 2012 by economists at the Pacific Institute for Research and Evaluation (PIRE). The cost estimates were adjusted to 2016 dollars.
education and supportive services. This model is very similar to models used by hospitals to address other public health concerns such as diabetes or hypertension.

An HVIP has five essential components:

1. Responding to an injury as soon as possible and offering services while the survivor is open to receiving care.
2. Addressing retaliation and other recidivism risk factors.
3. Providing a continuum of services including community based services after discharge.
4. Providing trauma-informed care to help survivors heal physically, emotionally, and socially.
5. Using frontline staff from the community who can relate to the experience of survivors of violence.

Through these components, hospitals provide patients with trauma-informed medical services and coordination to assist with physical healing. They also offer intensive case-management and counseling services both in the hospital setting and in the community setting after discharge. These services help the patient heal from the psychological trauma of the injury, obtain needed community resources such as housing or employment, and learn new skills such as positive coping and peaceful conflict resolution in order to prevent retaliation and recidivism.

Many recent studies have demonstrated the effectiveness of the HVIP model. For example, a study of the Wraparound Program at San Francisco General Hospital found that violent injury recidivism dropped from 16% to 4.5% over the five-year period that the HVIP was implemented. It was also found that the program could save the hospital approximately half a million dollars a year due to violence recidivism prevention. This study identified “culturally competent, intensive case management; adequate mental health treatment; and securing employment” as the key components in an effective hospital-based violence intervention program. Additionally, outcomes from a 2015 cost-effectiveness analysis of a HVIP at Highland Hospital in Oakland, California, led researchers to conclude that the hospital’s HVIP was a cost-effective way to prevent recurrent injuries from gun violence.

Purpose

The primary purpose of VOCA funding is to support the delivery of direct services to victims of crime. For the purposes of this grant program, a *crime victim* is defined as a person who has suffered physical, sexual, financial, and/or emotional harm as a result of the commission of a crime. This includes victims of federal crimes. Crimes do not need to be reported to law enforcement in order for people to receive services under VOCA.

The federal VOCA Rule defines *direct services to victims of crime* as “efforts that

1. respond to the emotional, psychological, or physical needs of crime victims;
2. assist victims to stabilize their lives after victimization;
3. assist victims to understand and participate in the criminal justice system; or
4. restore a measure of security and safety for the victim.”

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6 Healing Justice Alliance.
7 Healing Justice Alliance.
8 Healing Justice Alliance.
10 Juillard et al. 2015.
11 Juillard et al. 2015.
Eligibility
This funding is open only to organizations that can coordinate the establishment or enhancement of HVIP projects in multiple hospital locations statewide. Organizations with local and regional initiatives are not eligible to apply.

II. VOCA Eligibility, Program Requirements, Due Dates, and Other Information

1. Sources of Funding and VOCA Background
This grant program is supported by federal Victims of Crime Act (VOCA) funds, through the Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Office for Victims of Crime (OVC). The VOCA grant awards for this grant period include 2017-VA-GX-0018 and 2018-V2-GX-0011. The CFDA number is 16.575.

The federal Crime Victim Fund, established in 1984, is one of the major funding sources for victim services throughout the United States. Revenues are deposited into the Fund annually from criminal fines, forfeited appearance bonds, penalties, special forfeitures, special assessments, and gifts, donations, and bequests by private parties. Fund dollars do not come from taxpayers.

The amount available for expenditures during FY 2020–2021 are dependent upon various factors, including the annual amount of VOCA funds awarded to the Commonwealth. In the event of a significant increase or decrease in the total amount of funds available in FY 2020–2021, DCJS will notify grant recipients and provide guidance regarding changes to the estimated FY 2020–2021 awards.

The grant period for awards made under these guidelines is for the two-year period of July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021. Annual award amounts are contingent upon the availability of adequate funding, program performance, and compliance with grant requirements. Grantees are strongly encouraged to focus on direct service delivery, and to document that service delivery, in order to secure continuation funding.

Due to the uncertainty regarding future Federal appropriations of funding of VOCA grants, programs are encouraged to develop long-term strategies and infrastructure to ensure sustainability after this grant period.

2. Eligibility
This funding is open only to statewide organizations to coordinate the establishment or enhancement of HVIP projects in multiple hospital locations. Individual hospitals interested in establishing a HVIP should coordinate with a statewide organization to submit an application.

VOCA rules require that VOCA grant recipients must:
- Demonstrate a record of providing effective direct services to crime victims, which includes having the support and approval of the agency’s services by the community or target population, a history of providing direct services in a cost-effective manner, and having substantial financial support from non-federal sources.
• Provide services to victims of crime.
• Promote within the community being served a coordination of public and private efforts to serve and aid crime victims.
• Meet program match requirements.
• Assist victims of crime in seeking crime victim compensation benefits.
• Utilize volunteers significantly in project activities.
• Provide program information to the majority of agencies that assist with victims of crime in your service delivery area.
• Maintain statutorily-required civil rights statistics on victims served by race or national origin, sex, age, and disability, within the grant period and permit access to any documents, papers, and records to determine that the grantee is complying with applicable civil rights laws.
• Provide services to crime victims at no charge.
• Maintain confidentiality of victim information.
• Comply with DCJS requirements and provide statistical and programmatic information about staff, volunteers, and victims served.
• Provide services as defined by DCJS and/or the federal Office for Victims of Crime (OVC) and collected through the OVC Performance Measurement Tool (PMT).
• Provide services to victims of federal crimes on the same basis as victims of state/local crimes.
• Comply with federal rules regulating grants. Grant recipients must comply with the applicable provisions of the VOCA Rule and requirements of the Office of Justice Programs Financial Guide, effective edition, which includes maintaining appropriate programmatic and financial records that fully disclose the amount and disposition of VOCA funds received. This includes: financial documentation for disbursements; daily time and attendance records specifying time devoted to allowable VOCA victim services; documentation of victims served; the portion of the project supplied by other sources of revenue; job descriptions; contracts for services; and other records that facilitate an effective audit.
• Be in good standing with all state and federal agencies with which they have had an existing grant or contractual relationship. Where appropriate, all applicants must hold current professional and state licenses and certifications.
• Have a current Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) number and registration with the System for Award Management (SAM), formerly the Central Contractor Registration (CCR).

3. Program Requirements
By applying for these grant funds, the applicant asserts that they have read, understand, and will comply with the following state and federal requirements and policies. Click each topic below for additional information:

VOCA Rule
Department of Justice Financial Guide
Civil Rights
Nondiscrimination
Limited English Proficiency (LEP) Individuals
Equal Opportunity Plans
Financial and Progress Reporting


In accordance with a Criminal Justice Services Board policy, applicable to all DCJS grant programs, no current recipient of funding will be considered for continuation funding if, as of the grant application due date, any of the required Financial and Progress reports for the current grant are more than 30 days overdue. For good cause, submitted in writing, DCJS may waive this provision.

4. Projected Maximum Awards for FY 2020 and 2021

Applicants can apply for a maximum of $3,300,000 total award, including match, for each fiscal year. Applicants are required to provide 20 percent cash and/or in-kind matching funds, so a maximum award would be comprised of $2,640,000 in federal VOCA funds and $660,000 in matching funds.

5. Matching Funds

According to the VOCA Rule, grant recipients “shall contribute (i.e., match) not less than twenty percent (cash or in-kind) of the total cost of each project” (28 CFR 94.118(a)).

Match may be in the form of cash or in-kind and will be reported on quarterly financial reports. Required match amounts must be fully met by the end of the grant period. The VOCA Rule states that match is “restricted to the same uses, and timing deadlines for obligation and expenditure, as the project’s VOCA funding” (28 CFR 94.118(e)).

All match on awarded grants must be:

1. Verifiable in program/agency records and provided for in the approved budget;
2. Derived from non-federal funding sources;
3. Not used as match in other areas;
4. VOCA-allowable costs;
5. Necessary and reasonable for efficient accomplishment of project objectives;
6. In compliance with all federal and state guidelines; and
7. Of an appropriate percentage.

Cash Match

The VOCA Rule defines cash as “the value of direct funding for the project” (28 CFR 94.118(c)(1)). Cash used as match may be obtained from other state (non-DCJS), local, program income, or private sources. Cash cannot be derived from federal sources. Once funds are committed to match for this project, they cannot be used for match in other areas.

In-Kind Match

According to the VOCA Victim Assistance Program Rule, Questions and Answers document, sources of in-kind match may include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Volunteered professional or personal services, the value placed on which shall be consistent with the rate of compensation (which may include fringe benefits) paid for similar work in the program; however, if the similar work is not performed in the
program, the rate of compensation shall be consistent with the rate found in the labor market in which the program competes.

- Materials/equipment, but the value placed on lent or donated equipment shall not exceed its fair market value.
- Space and facilities, the value placed on which shall not exceed the fair rental value of comparable space and facilities as established by an independent appraisal of comparable space and facilities in a privately owned building in the same locality.
- Non-VOCA-funded victim assistance activities, including, but not limited to, performing direct services, coordinating or supervising those services, training victim assistance providers, and advocating for victims.
- Any reduction or discount provided to the subrecipient shall be valued as the difference between what the subrecipient paid and what the provider’s nominal or fair market value is for the good(s) or service(s).

Grant recipients must maintain records that clearly show the source, the amount, and the period during which the match was allocated. In-kind contributions are determined at their fair market value. The basis for determining the value of personal services, materials, and equipment must be documented and to the extent feasible, supported by the same methods used by the grantee for its own paid employees.

Volunteer services used as in-kind match are allowable and recommended. Volunteer services may be professional or technical services, consultants, or skilled/unskilled labor assisting on the project. Records must be maintained documenting all volunteer services used as in-kind match. For additional guidance on the value of volunteer time, go to www.independentsector.org/volunteer_time.

Non-compliance with documenting in-kind match amounts may result in a requirement to provide cash match, in a reduction to the grant award, and/or other grant conditions.

**Match Waiver Option**

Applicants may request a waiver for a portion of the match or for the entire match. To request a partial or full match waiver, detail, on agency letterhead:

1. The amount of match you anticipate providing (not the amount of waiver needed);
   
   **AND**
   
   2. The compelling need(s) your agency has for a waiver.

Match waiver requests will be reviewed by DCJS to determine if they will be submitted to OVC. The final match waiver decision is made by OVC. The OVC approval process may take several months to complete, which may impact your project implementation. If a waiver request is denied by OVC, the awarded applicant will need to provide match or negotiate a reduced award amount.

6. **Budgeting Flexibility**

DCJS wishes to provide grantees with maximum flexibility in designing their grant budgets and utilizing any available local funding. For new projects, applicants may allow for up to three months at the beginning of the grant cycle for planning, development, and hiring of project personnel.

In accordance with federal guidelines, only those costs directly related to and essential to providing direct services to crime victims can be supported with grant funds. Requests must be allowable under state and federal guidelines and must be reasonable, appropriate, and justified.
Within these broad restrictions, grantees have discretion to determine how grant funds can most effectively be utilized.

Applicants should carefully consider the resources needed to successfully implement the proposed project and present a realistic budget that accurately reflects project costs. Applicants should also consider how the project will be sustained if funding through this grant program becomes unavailable.

7. **Deadline**
   Applications must be received by DCJS by 5:00 p.m. on Thursday, April 4, 2019, and must be submitted electronically. Applicants should email all of the following documents to voca@dcjs.virginia.gov:
   1. One (1) FY 2020 and FY 2021 completed Excel Budget Workbook file, **AND**
   2. One (1) PDF copy of the entire complete signed application.

8. **Reporting Requirements**
   All grant recipients are required to complete and submit a Progress Report and a Financial Report by the 12th working day after the close of each quarter.

   **Projected FY 2020 Project Progress Report and Financial Report Due Dates:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quarter</th>
<th>Due Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Jul–Sept Quarter</td>
<td>October 17, 2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oct–Dec Quarter</td>
<td>January 21, 2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jan–March Quarter</td>
<td>April 16, 2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Apr–June Quarter</td>
<td>July 17, 2020</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

In accordance with a Criminal Justice Services Board policy, applicable to all DCJS grant programs, no current recipient of funding will be considered for continuation funding if, as of the grant application due date, any of the required Financial and Progress reports for the current grant are more than 30 days overdue. For good cause, submitted in writing, DCJS may waive this provision.

**Financial and Progress Reporting**
DCJS requires online submission of financial and progress reports into the DCJS Grants Management Information System (GMIS); therefore, all recipients of grant funding must have access to the Internet for reporting purposes. Additional information about GMIS can be found on the DCJS website at: [www.dcjs.virginia.gov/grants/gmis-online](http://www.dcjs.virginia.gov/grants/gmis-online).

Required reports include:
1. Quarterly Financial Reports
2. Quarterly Progress Reports, describing activities supported with these funds. Grantees will be provided with access to the Office for Victims of Crime (OVC) Performance Measurement Tool (PMT), a narrative report form, and additional instructions for completing the quarterly progress reports.

**Performance Measurement Tool (PMT)**
The federal Office for Victims of Crime (OVC) requires all VOCA funded projects to report annual award and quarterly performance activities in the PMT online system. Grantees will be required to submit data in PMT, as well as additional narrative reports and data in DCJS GMIS. Additional instructions will be provided to grant recipients.
Disbursement of Funds
Disbursement of funds will occur on a cost reimbursement basis for actual funds expended. Actual expenditures should be reported quarterly and invoiced pursuant to approved line item budget categories in the grant award package. Grantees will only be reimbursed for costs that have been incurred within the grant period. Grant funds, including matching funds, may only be expended and/or obligated during the grant period. All obligations must be fulfilled no later than 45 days after the end of the grant period. Requests for reimbursement shall be submitted through DCJS GMIS.

9. Grant Application Review Process
Grant application reviewers will assess applications and make funding recommendations. DCJS may amend budgets based on a review of unallowable and/or unreasonable costs, and the availability of funds. DCJS has the discretion to make awards for greater or lesser amounts than requested and to negotiate the scope of work and budget with applicants prior to making an award.

The Grants Committee of the Criminal Justice Services Board (CJSB) will review grant applications and recommendations and make funding recommendations to the CJSB.

The CJSB will make final grant award decisions at their meeting on May 9, 2019.

Following the CJSB’s decisions, grant award packages will be issued by the DCJS Office of Grants Management in the Division of Finance and Administration. Fiscal and programmatic revisions may be required as a condition of funding.

If the CJSB does not recommend funding for an applicant, the applicant may submit a written appeal to the DCJS Office of Grants Management for consideration by an appeals panel of the CJSB. DCJS will notify any applicants eligible for appeal and the date and time of the appeals panel.
III. Application Guidelines and Forms

Applicants for VOCA Hospital-Based Violence Intervention Grant Program funding must complete:

- Excel Budget Workbook and Budget Narratives
- Project Description
- Required Forms and Attachments

A. Excel Budget Workbook (to include cover sheets, itemized budgets, risk assessment) and Budget Narratives

1. Include all of the following items:

   Cover Sheets (Face Sheets) – complete one for each fiscal year (FY 2020 and FY 2021)
   
   Grant Program: List the grant program.
   
   Congressional Districts: List the congressional districts that will benefit from the program.
   
   Applicant: Official name of organization/agency applying for the grant.
   
   Faith-Based Organization: Not applicable to this grant program.
   
   Federal ID Number: List your agency federal identification number.
   
   Best Practice: Not applicable to this grant program.
   
   Jurisdiction(s): List all localities to be served and include zip code plus 4 digit code; or if appropriate, indicate “statewide.”
   
   Program Title: Indicate program title, i.e. “First County Victim Outreach Program.”
   
   Certified Crime Prevention Community: Not applicable to this grant program
   
   Grant Period: Select FY 2020 (7/1/19-6/30/20).
   
   DUNS Number: Provide the Data Universal Numbering (DUNS) Number. A DUNS number is a unique nine-character identification number provided by Dun & Bradstreet. If you do not have a DUNS number, please go the website http://fedgov.dnb.com/webform.
   
   Type of Application: Check the box that best describes the applicant service area.
   
   Project Director: List the person who will have day-to-day responsibility for managing the project.
   
   Project Administrator: The person who has authority to formally commit the organization, or state agency to complying with all the terms of the grant application, including the provision of the required match.
   
   Finance Director: List the individual who will be responsible for fiscal management of the funds. Be sure to provide email addresses and phone numbers for each of the three people listed above. Also provide the zip code plus 4 digit code for each person.
   
   Brief Project Description: Provide a short description of the project. The description must include an estimate of the total number of victims to receive program services during the fiscal year and a brief summary of services to be provided.
   
   Project Budget Summary: The Budget Summary provides total figures from budget categories. No data entry is necessary here. These figures are automatically calculated by Excel, based on entries in the Budget Itemization Worksheet.
2. Itemized Budget Worksheets – complete one for each fiscal year (FY 2020 and FY 2021)

An itemized budget should be completed for each fiscal year (fiscal years 2020 and 2021). Use of the Excel Budget Workbook is required. See the following sections for detailed descriptions of each budget category.

Allowable and Unallowable Costs
Please see the Allowable and Unallowable Costs chart under VOCA Grant Resources. For additional guidance, please see 28 CFR Part 94, Subpart B-VOCA Victim Assistance Program at www.federalregister.gov/documents/2016/07/08/2016-16085/victims-of-crime-act-victim-assistance-program#h-55.

3. Budget Narratives – complete one for each fiscal year (FY 2020 and FY 2021)

A budget narrative should be completed for each fiscal year (fiscal years 2020 and 2021). Use of the Budget Narrative Template Form is required. Budget narratives must explain the reasons for each requested budget item and how requested amounts were determined. A line-item budget narrative is required and must correspond directly with the itemized budgets. See the following sections for detailed descriptions of each budget category.

4. Budget Category Descriptions

PERSONNEL
List each position by title (and name of employee, if available). Show the annual salary rate for the employee and the hours to be devoted to the project by the employee. Typically, full-time employees work 2,080 hours annually. Indicate each type of benefit included and the total cost of employees assigned to the project.

Applicants should carefully evaluate and document physical and organizational capacity to accommodate and effectively utilize new staff.

All applicants must justify the necessity of creating each new position. Please describe the duties, responsibilities, and qualifications required of each new grant funded position. Required duties, responsibilities, and qualifications must be designed to effectively provide direct services and must be consistent with all grant requirements.

*Staff of Statewide Victim Assistance Programs*: To be eligible for grant funding, proposed positions must provide or facilitate the provision of direct services to victims. Additionally, all tasks, duties, and responsibilities must relate directly to the provision of information and assistance to victims, as allowable under the VOCA Rule.

*Salary for Grant Funded Staff*: In addition to describing new staff responsibilities, applicants must justify all requested salaries. Justification may include documentation demonstrating that requested salaries are consistent with salaries paid to other positions with similar responsibilities, within the program, or at other agencies in the service area. All requested amounts must be reasonable given the complexity of work, and consistent with the applicant’s staff compensation plan. Submission of the signed application signifies acceptance of all grant conditions, including non-supplantation, and certification that personnel expenses are reasonable, appropriate, and consistent with applicable local personnel policies and compensation plans.

CONSULTANTS
List each type of consultant or service (with numbers in each category and names of major consultants when available), the proposed daily fee rate, and the amount of time to be devoted to such services. The U.S. Department of Justice Grants Financial Guide requires that compensation for “individual consultant services is to be reasonable and consistent with that paid for similar services in the marketplace.” An individual consultant’s rate may not exceed $650.00 per day.

Requests in this category will be carefully reviewed. Justification should be provided that describes how the use of outside consultants will significantly and permanently enhance project effectiveness.

For organizations performing professional services, including professional associations and educational institutions, indicate the type of services being performed, staffing levels, and estimated contract price.

**Travel and Subsistence for Consultants:** Reasonable expenses may be reimbursed.

**TRAVEL**
Itemize total travel expenses of project personnel by local mileage, non-local mileage, and subsistence (food + lodging). If the applicant does not have an established local travel policy, then the applicant must adhere to federal/state travel policy. If local travel policy differs from the federal/state travel policy, please provide or describe the policy in the justification. Refer to the following U.S. General Services Administration (GSA) and Virginia Department of Accounts (DOA) websites for the most current travel rates and policies:


Applicants must clearly explain the basis for all calculations. Justify travel by explaining why costs are necessary and essential to providing direct services to victims, or by documenting that grant funds will be used exclusively for developing the skills of direct service providers so that they are better able to offer quality services to crime victims. VOCA grant funds can support skills training for “direct service providers, including paid staff and volunteers (both VOCA-funded and not), so that they are better able to offer quality direct services, including, but not limited to, manuals, books, videoconferencing, electronic training resources, and other materials and resources relating to such training” (28 CFR 94.121(b)). VOCA grant funds can also support training-related travel, meals, lodging, and registration fees.

DCJS will consider requests to support attendance at appropriate national training conferences. Applicants must document that the requested training is needed and is unavailable within the state. **Registration fee expenses** should be detailed in the “Supplies and Other Expenses” category. DCJS will approve requests for funds to support out-of-state travel, or airfares to attend training conferences, with adequate justification. Applicants should demonstrate that attendance is cost effective and will facilitate essential improvements in service delivery.

**Local mileage** is considered travel within the immediate service area (satellite offices, court, meetings, etc.). **Non-local mileage** is outside of the immediate service area (trainings, conferences, meetings, etc.). Include a description for each request and justify why the request is necessary.

**EQUIPMENT**
According to the Department of Justice’s Financial Guide, “equipment means tangible personal property (including information technology systems) having 1) a useful life of more than one year and 2) a per-unit acquisition cost of $5,000 or greater.”

Each major item to be purchased must be listed separately with unit cost. List each item to be leased or rented with the cost associated with the lease or rental. Justify equipment expenses by documenting that items will enhance direct services to crime victims. Grant funds cannot support the entire cost of an item that is not used exclusively for victim related activities; however, grant funds can support a pro-rated share of such an item.

Any equipment requests must include a written estimate of cost and local contract guidelines, if necessary. Applicants must document the necessity and cost effectiveness of requested expenditures.

If equipment is requested to replace outdated or “old” equipment, please briefly describe why replacement is necessary and when the “old” equipment was acquired.

**SUPPLIES AND OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES**

All costs should be itemized within this category by major types (e.g., office supplies, equipment use fees when supported by usage logs, printing, photocopying, postage, brochures, books and other victim-related materials, and telephone).

Show the basis for computation (“x” dollars per month for office supplies; “y” dollars per person for training materials; telephone – long distance at “z” dollars per month, etc.). Additionally, the rationale used to determine the basis for each computation should be explained, as appropriate (e.g., the photocopying cost estimate was determined based on factors including X crime and Y court caseload statistics generating Z anticipated number of copies).

Applicants should document actual expenses for each line item requested when possible (for example: “Last year we spent $400 on postage. For FY 2020, we anticipate spending $475, due to stamp rate increase.”).

Grant funds may support a maximum of three memberships in victim assistance organizations. Each organization and its membership rate must be identified. Memberships must be in the name of the agency, not the individual.

DCJS will carefully examine office space rental and equipment maintenance requests, especially costs related to computer maintenance, network access, and the provision of technical support. Applicants must thoroughly document the necessity and cost effectiveness of requested expenditures.

All computers purchased with DCJS funds must be equipped with updated anti-virus protection software. Applicants are encouraged to limit computer purchase requests to $1500 per workstation and to discuss computer hardware and software needs with DCJS Computer Services staff, Lisa Self, at 804-786-8475.

**INDIRECT COSTS**

*Defining Indirect Costs:* Indirect costs are costs of an organization that are not readily assignable to a particular project, but are necessary to the operation of the organization and the performance of the project. Indirect costs are those that benefit more than one activity and are common or joint
purpose costs. For example, costs of an office manager/receptionist position that answers general phone calls, greets clients, etc. are considered indirect costs.

According to 2 CFR Part 200.56, indirect costs are defined as:

*Those costs incurred for a common or joint purpose benefitting more than one cost objective, and not readily assignable to the cost objectives specifically benefited, without effort disproportionate to the results achieved.*

The salaries of administrative and clerical staff should generally be treated as indirect costs. Salaries of administrative/clerical staff may be appropriate to include as direct costs ONLY if ALL of the following conditions are met:

1. Administrative or clerical services are integral to a project or activity;
2. Individuals involved can be specifically identified with the project or activity;
3. Such costs are explicitly included in the budget or have the prior written approval of the awarding agency; and
4. The costs are not also recovered as indirect costs.

**Requesting Indirect Costs:** Requesting indirect costs is optional. You do not have to request indirect costs, but if you choose to, it is allowable. To calculate indirect costs, you must first determine the Modified Total Direct Costs (MTDC) amount of your budget. Indirect costs that can be requested are not based on the entire project budget, but on the MTDC amount. You are not required to describe or itemize what is included in the indirect costs.

Applicants have two options when requesting Indirect Costs: using a **formal Indirect Cost Rate Agreement (ICRA)** or using a “**De Minimis**” rate. These two options are outlined below.

1. **Indirect Cost Rate Agreement (ICRA)**
   - This is a formal rate agreement that an organization has applied for and received from the federal cognizant agency (DCJS does not approve ICRAs)
   - Organizations will have a letter or other documentation that lists the federally-negotiated rate
   - The rate in the ICRA must be accepted, unless otherwise specified by federal awarding agency
   - Can request the percentage (as outlined in the ICRA) of the Modified Total Direct Costs (MTDC) of their budget for indirect costs

2. **“De Minimis” Rate**
   - This can be used by organizations that have never had a federally-approved Indirect Cost Rate Agreement
   - Can use a rate of up to 10% of the Modified Total Direct Costs (MTDC) of their budget for indirect costs

**Use the “MTDC Worksheet”** to calculate your MTDC amount. The Worksheet will also calculate the amount of indirect costs that can be requested. **If Indirect Costs are requested, applicants must submit two additional documents with the grant application:**

1. MTDC Worksheet (Excel document) (Attachment 6)
   *AND*
2. Certification of De Minimis Indirect Cost Rate form (Attachment 7)
   *OR*
A copy of your agency’s Indirect Cost Rate Agreement letter/documentation

Additional Indirect Costs Reporting Requirements: For organizations that request and receive Indirect Costs, the MTDC Worksheet must be completed each quarter, based on actual expenses. The MTDC Worksheet should be emailed to grantsmgmt@dcjs.virginia.gov each quarter.

The actual MTDC amount will determine the amount of Indirect Costs to be reimbursed for that quarter. In other words, the amount of Indirect Costs reimbursed should/will vary from quarter to quarter. The amount of Indirect Costs requested for reimbursement each quarter cannot simply be the total for the year divided by four; the amount must be based on actual MTDC amounts.

CASH FUNDS FROM SOURCES OTHER THAN GRANT PROGRAM SUPPORTING THIS PROJECT
Applicants must use this budget category to provide a description of the sources and amounts of cash from other sources that support this project.

NON-SUPPLANTATION
The federal Department of Justice (DOJ) 2017 Grants Financial Guide describes supplantation as follows: “Federal funds must be used to supplement existing state and local funds for program activities and must not supplant (replace) those funds that have been appropriated for the same purpose.” Requests for “new” staff positions must be justified, must not supplant other funds, and must result in significant additional service delivery.

Applicants under this grant program must describe non-grant funds supporting their projects and must identify records that document the level of non-VOCA support and satisfy the non-supplantation requirement. Be sure to describe whether the expenses requested in this grant application compliment, and do not duplicate, other existing and anticipated funding sources/amounts that your agency receives.
Project Description

Address the following (1 through 6) in a Microsoft Word document with 1 inch margins, single spaced, with a 12-point font size. To assist application reviewers, please use the numbered headings and subheadings (in bold); follow the page guidelines provided; and when instructions say “list,” please provide a list instead of a narrative paragraph.

1. **Summary Project Description, Goals, and Objectives**
   (1 page maximum + Attachment)
   a. **Summary Project Description:** Provide a clear concise summary of the proposed project, including its primary goals and objectives and including an estimate of the total number of victims to be served during each fiscal year.
   b. **Capability:** Describe the agency’s knowledge and capability to carry out the project based on demonstrated experience in providing victim services to the target population. Public agencies must cite their statutory and/or local governing authority.
   c. **VOCA Initial Readiness Assessment:** Complete Attachment 9.
   d. **Nonprofit Organizations:** Attach IRS 501(c)(3) status letter.

2. **Problem Statement/Needs Assessment**
   (4 pages maximum)
   a. **Summary Problem Statement:** Identify the specific problem(s), target population, and geographic area that the proposed project will address.
   b. **Existing Services and Service Gaps.** Describe existing services and identify gaps and/or barriers in services. Include current statistics and relevant facts to substantiate the need for and selection of the proposed project. Demonstrate that the proposed solution or project is evidence-based and trauma-informed.
   c. **Demand for Proposed Services.** Identify the demand and need for proposed crime victim services for the population you intend to serve. Describe how the proposed services will solve the problem as stated in section (a).
   d. **List and Prioritize Needs.** Clearly list and briefly describe the project/expansion elements requested. Number and prioritize the elements, with the most important being #1. Include geographic area; specific populations; type of crime victim services; staffing level information; and total budget impact that includes major expenses. (Note: this information should agree with details presented in your budget narrative).

   **Example:**
   1. Hire one new full-time case manager to serve ______ counties (salary & fringe, computer/phone, mileage, training) = $85,000
   2. Expand services to include ______ county (.75 FTE advocate salary & fringe, office rental, office supplies/furniture, computer/phone, mileage, training) = $75,000.
   e. **Capacity:** Describe your organization’s capacity coordinate the HVIP initiative and why your organization should receive funding.
3. **Partnerships, Collaboration, and Coordination of and Linkages to Services**  
   (2 page maximum)  
   a. **Partnerships**: Describe the agency’s partnership and/or coalition building strategy and use of volunteers.  
   b. **Cooperative Agreements**: Applications for projects which require coordination of services among two or more agencies must describe envisioned cooperative roles and responsibilities. Proposed or completed cooperative agreements must be attached. Cooperative agreements must define roles, responsibilities, referral mechanisms, collaboration, and coordination efforts necessary for successful implementation of the project and must be signed by all affiliating agencies. If cooperative agreements are not yet complete, describe the current status and completion plan.

4. **Community Outreach**  
   (1 page maximum)  
   a. **Awareness**: Detail how you will create broad awareness of the availability of your services in your service area (i.e., promotional and public relations activities, community training, use of media, new collaborations, etc.).

5. **Project Management and Staff**  
   (1 page maximum + Attachments)  
   a. **Staff**: Identify all project management and staff. Describe how personnel are uniquely qualified to manage and implement the proposed project. Attach an organizational chart that includes all grant-funded staff positions.  
   b. **Job Descriptions**: Attach summary job descriptions for each position for which grant or matching funds are requested; indicate the number of hours and percentage of time devoted to the proposed project.

6. **Performance Measures and Evaluation**  
   (1 page maximum)  
   a. **Process**: Describe your evaluation process.  
   b. **Tools**: Describe the evaluation tools you will use to gather feedback from those you will serve.  
   c. **Barriers**: Describe any barriers you anticipate to conducting effective evaluation.  
   d. **Using Feedback**: If applicable, provide any relevant findings from recent past evaluation efforts (i.e., how you know your program is having an impact). Describe your process for using feedback to improve your program and services.
Required Forms and Attachments
Attachment 1  Excel Budget Workbook
Attachment 2  Budget Narrative Template
Attachment 3  General Grant Conditions and Assurances
Attachment 4  Certifications & Requirements Form
Attachment 5  Certification of Compliance with Regulations (Civil Rights)

To be completed and submitted if applicable:
Attachment 6  MTDC Worksheet
Attachment 7  Certification of De Minimis Indirect Cost Rate Form
Attachment 8  Grant Checklist for Vehicle Purchase and Use
Attachment 9  VOCA Initial Readiness Assessment

Additional required attachments:
1. Copies of Proposed or Completed Cooperative Agreements
2. Organizational Chart
3. Job Descriptions for Grant-Funded and Match Staff, to include Project Volunteers
4. Internal Revenue Service 501(c)(3) Letter (nonprofit applicants only)

See the DCJS VOCA Victims Services Grant Program webpage for additional resources (www.dcjs.virginia.gov/victims-services/grants):
• Grant Application Resources
• Federal VOCA Reporting Resources
• Federal Financial Management Resources